APA EXAMPLES FOR SPECIFIC TYPES OF SOURCES

Websites

Website with Named Author(s)
If you can identify the name(s) of the author(s) of material on a website, list them as the authors.

Example:

*Corresponding in-text citation: (Ceniza-Levine, 2019).

Website with Known Source but No Named Author
Often, you know the company or entity who owns a website, but you don’t know the name of the person who wrote the material. Use the name of the entity that created the site as your author. Do not repeat the organization’s name in the source element (after the title).

Example:
Montana State University. (n.d.). Bracken Business Communications Clinic.
http://www.montana.edu/business/bracken/bbcc/

*Corresponding in-text citation: (Montana State University, n.d.)

Another Example:
https://thewaltdisneycompany.com/?ppLink=pp_wdig

*Corresponding in-text citation: (The Walt Disney Company, 2016)

Website with Unknown Author
Rarely, you may find a source that does not have an author. When that happens, use the title in place of the author. For example, you might find a news story written by an unknown Associated Press author, in which case the reference page entry would look like this:

Example:
All 33 Chile miners freed in flawless rescue. (2010, October 13). MSNBC.
http://www.msnbc.msn.com/id/39625809/ns/world_news-americas/

*Corresponding in-text citation: (“All 33 Chile miners,” 2010).
Blogs


Example Reference Page Entry:

http://blog.apastyle.org/apastyle/electronic-references/

*Corresponding in-text citation: (Becker, 2016)*

Crowdfunding Sites
Consult the BBCC or the APA Publication Manual for information on how to cite other forms of social media.

Format: Author, A. (publication date). Title of webpage. *Name of crowdfunding site*.

http://url

Example Reference Page Entry:

*Corresponding in-text citation: (Global Foundation for Ocean Exploration, n.d.)*

Books

Print


Example Reference Page Entry:

*Corresponding in-text citation: (Skloot, 2010)*

*PLEASE NOTE: As long as the content is the same, electronic books and audiobooks are treated the same way. Include a DOI or URL for electronic books only.*
Journal Articles

Journal Article (electronic-no doi: digital object identifier)

Format: Author, A. (publication date). Title of article. Title of Journal, volume number(issue number), page numbers of the article. https://URL

Example Reference Page Entry:

Journal Article (electronic with doi)

Format: Author, A. (publication date). Title of article. Title of Journal, volume number(issue number), page numbers of the article. http://doi.org/

Example Reference Page Entry:

Journal Article (print)

Format: Author, A. (publication date). Title of article. Title of Journal, volume number(issue number), page numbers of the article.

Example Reference Page Entry:

Example In-text Citations for all three examples on this page:
(Porter & Kramer, 2011) paraphrase
(Porter & Kramer, 2011, p. 214) direct quote
Videos

**Format:** Author, A. (date). *Title of video [Format description]*. Production Company or Publisher. https://URL

*This example also shows how to use a video timestamp in an in-text citation to cite a direct quote from a video.

**Example Reference Page Entry:**

**Example In-text Citations:**
(Liotta, 2016) paraphrase
(Liotta, 2016, 3:03) direct quote
3:03 is the video timestamp at which the cited information begins. A range may also be used; e.g., 3:03—3:45.

Podcasts

**Format:** Host, H. (Host). (Date). *Title of episode [Audio podcast episode]*. In *Title of Podcast*. Publisher. https://URL

**Example Reference Page Entry:**

**Example In-text Citations:**
(Raz, 2019) paraphrase
(Raz, 2019, 24:13) direct quote
24:13 is the timestamp at which the cited information begins. A range may also be used; e.g., 24:13 – 25:12.

**PLEASE NOTE:** The date and titles of episode and podcast in the above reference citation should be changed to list the specific podcast you are writing about.