

Custer County Montana Poverty Report Card



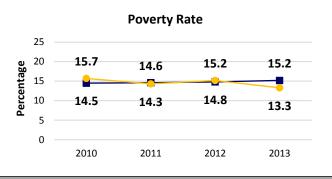
June 2016

Summary

The poverty rate for Custer County decreased from 15.7% in 2010 to 13.3% in 2013. For the month of December in 2011 and 2014, the county's unemployment rate decreased from 4.1% to 3.3%. Median income in 2014 was slightly lower in Custer County (\$46,125) than the state of Montana (\$46,766). Eligibility for free and reduced school lunch in the county increased from 31.7% in 2013 to 40.3% in 2016. The LIHEAP case load for the county decreased by 33% (126 in 2012 to 84 in 2015).

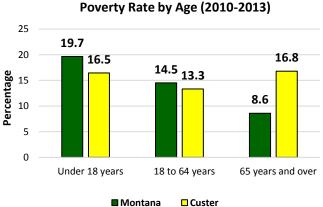
Poverty Rate

The poverty rate in Custer County has been above and . below the state's poverty rate. The current rate of 13.3% is about 2% less than the state rate. The state rate has risen over this same time period.



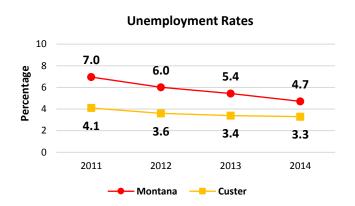
Poverty Rate by Age

- The poverty rates for the youth (under 18) and working age adults (18 to 64) were lower in Custer County than the state; however, the poverty rate for elderly adults (65 and older) was higher in Custer County than the state.
- The poverty rate for youth, those under 18 years of • age, was lower in Custer County than the state (16.5% versus 19.7%). The poverty rate for those 18 to 64 was lower in Custer County than the state (13.3% versus 14.5%). However, the poverty rate for elderly adults (65 and older) was higher in Custer County than the state (16.8% versus 8.6%).



Unemployment Rate

• The unemployment rate in Custer County was less than the statewide rate each year from 2011 to 2014. The unemployment rate declined in Custer County from 4.1% to 3.3% over this period.

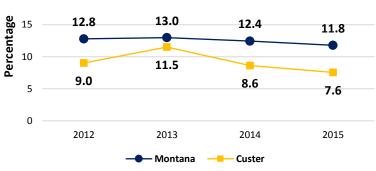


Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)

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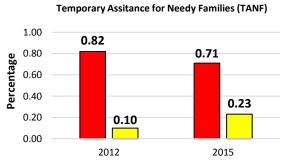
- The SNAP Program had 54,535 cases active in June of 2015 providing bene fits to 116,843 Montanans. The average monthly benefit per case was \$254 (or \$118 per person). This represents 11.8% of the Montana population. These numbers are down from 2012 when there were 58,918 cases representing 126,547 recipients or 12.8% of the population. Also in 2012, the average benefit was \$276 per case or \$128 per person. Each program statistic has declined since 2012.
- In 2015, 7.6% of the population in Custer County was receiving SNAP benefits. The average amount per case was \$245 up from \$226 in 2012. In the 2012, 9.0% of the population received benefits.

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)



Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)

- The TANF program had 2,936 active cases in Montana in June of 2015 benefiting 7,007 individuals (0.71% of the population). The average benefit per case was \$374 per month. These numbers are down from 2012 when there were 3,282 cases benefiting 8,162 individuals (0.82% of the population). The average benefit in 2012 was \$426 per month.
- The average benefit in Custer County per case was \$397 in June of 2015 with 0.23% of the population receiving TANF benefits.



Montana Custer

Free and Reduced School Lunch Eligibility

The percentage of school-aged children eligible for free and reduced school lunch in the county increased from 31.7% in 2013 to 40.3% in 2016, while the state decreased from 45.2% in 2013 to 42.6% in 2016.

60 45.2 % of School Aged Children 43.2 43.3 42.6 50 40 40.3 30 35.2 33.1 31.7 20 10 0 2013 2014 2015 2016

- Montana

Custer

Custer

Utilization of Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)

The LIHEAP case load decreased by 33% (126 in 2012 to 84 in 2015) for the county and increased by over 9.5% (10,765 in 2012 to 11,795 in 2015) for the state from December 2012 to December 2015. The LIHEAP payments per case increased by 6% (\$447 in 2012 to \$474 in 2015) in the county and decreased 10.8% (\$580 in 2012 to \$518 in 2015) for the state from December 2012 to December 2015.

Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) 1,000 800 580 577 \$/case 538 518 600 400 490 472 474 447 200 0 2012 2014 2015 2013

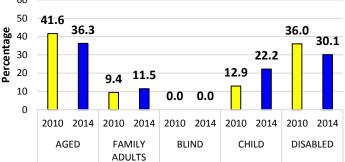
Medicaid Utilization Estimates

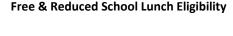
The county's family adults and child clients accounted for a higher percentage of Medicaid's Physical Health funding utilization in 2014 than 2010. Medicaid Physical Health expenditures in the county increased by 24.2% (\$8.0 million in 2010 to \$10.0 million in 2014), while increasing over 17.5% (\$624.4 million in 2010 to \$733.7 million in 2014) in the state.

Medicaid Physical Health	County	State	%
2010 (x\$1 million)	8.0	624.4	1.3
2014 (x\$1 million)	10.0	733.7	1.4



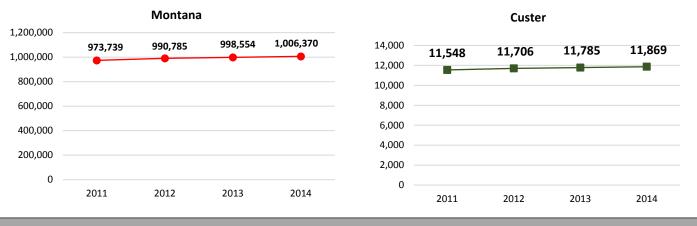
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Population

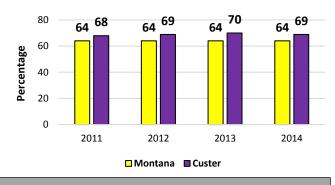
- From 2011 to 2014, the population of Custer County increased by 2.8%.
- During the same time period, the state of Montana's population increased by 3.4%.



Labor Force

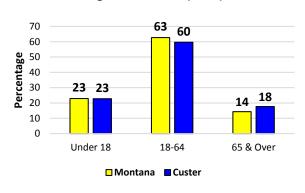
 Labor force participation rates (LFPR) were substantially higher in Custer County than the state of Montana from 2011 through 2014.

Labor Force Participation Rate



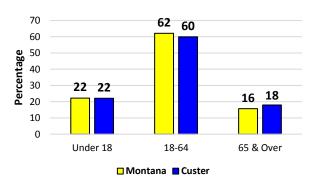
Age Distribution

• In 2014, the county's Under 18 population was a similar proportion to Montana. The county's 65 & older population was a higher proportion than for Montana.



Age Distribution (2010)

Age Distribution (2014)

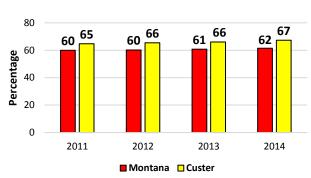


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Dependency Ratios

- The dependency ratio is number of young (0 to 17) and elderly (65 and older), who are said to be dependent, divided by the working age (18 to 64) population.
- The county's dependency ratio was substantially higher than the state's dependency ratio from 2011 to 2014.
- The county's dependency ratio decreased from 65% in 2011 to 67% in 2014, while the state's dependency ratio increased from 60% in 2011 to 62% in 2014. This high dependency ratio is driven by the county's high old age dependency ratio (30% in the county versus 25% in the state).

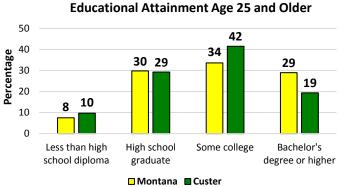
Dependency Ratios



Educational Attainment Age 25 and Older

 In 2014, 10% of county residents aged 25 and older did not obtain a high school diploma, while the state average was 8%.

Data Note: Educational Attainment is measured by the American Community Survey 60 month (2010 to 2014) estimate.

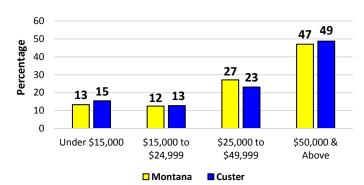


Ranges of Income

- Twenty Five percent of households in Montana earned less than \$25,000 a year. Over the same time period, 47% of Montana households earned \$50,000 or more.
- The percentage of households in Custer County with household income of less than \$25,000 per year was 28%, which is about 2% higher than the statewide rate.

Data Note: Income is measured by the American Community Survey 60 month (2010 to 2014) estimate.

Ranges of Income

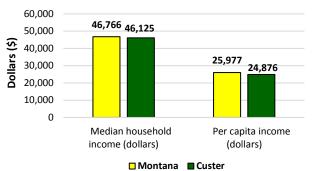


Median Income

• The median income and the per-capita income amounts were lower for the county than the state.

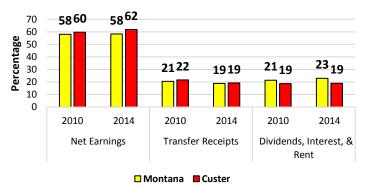
Data Note: Income is measured by the American Community Survey 60 month estimate based on 2010 to 2014 data.

Median Income 2010-2014



Personal Income by Source

- In Montana from 2010 to 2014, the percent of income generated by transfer receipts decreased from 21% to 19% of personal income. The percentage of personal income from dividends and interest increased from 21% to 23%.
- In Custer County from 2010 to 2014, the percent of income generated by transfer receipts decreased from 22% to 19% of personal income. The percentage of personal income from dividends and interest remain constant at 19%. Custer County's personal income represents 1.2% of the statewide total.



Personal Income (2014)	Custer	Montana	%
(\$ x 1000) Total Personal Income	485,200	40,843,525	1.2%

Transfer Payments

- From 2010 to 2014, the share of transfer payments for retirement and disability, medical benefits, and Veteran's benefits increased, while other transfer payments decreased for the state.
- The share of transfer payments for retirement and disability, medical benefits, income maintenance benefits, and veteran's benefits increased, while other transfer payments decreased for the county.

	Montana		Custer	
Transfer Payments Share	2010	2014	2010	2014
Retirement and disability insurance benefits (%)	38.9	42.7	39.5	41.3
Medical benefits (%)	7.2	38.6	40.3	41.8
Income maintenance benefits (%)	8.6	8.3	7.0	7.8
Unemployment insurance compensation (%)	4.8	1.6	3.2	1.1
Veterans' benefits (%)	4.3	4.8	4.2	4.5
Other (%)	6.2	4.1	5.8	3.5
Total cost (x\$1,000,000) 2010		6,855		83
Total cost (x\$1,000,000) 2014		7,489		91

Personal Income by Source

Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)

 From 2000 to 2013, EITC payments per EITC filer increased by 35.6% (\$1,549 in 2000 to \$2,100 in 2013) in the county and 35.1% (\$1,556 in 2000 to \$2,103 in 2013) in the state. The percentage of EITC filers (EITC filers/Total IRS filers) increased by 4.9% in the county and 18.3% in the state.

The data sources for this report can be found at <u>www.montana.edu/extensionecon/poverty.html</u>.



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