

Dawson County Montana Poverty Report Card



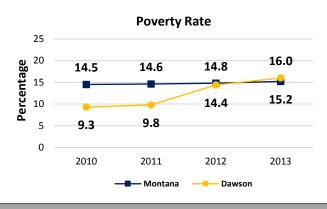
June 2016

Summary

The poverty rate for Dawson County increased from 9.3% in 2010 to 16.0% in 2013. For the month of December in 2011 and 2014, the county's unemployment rate decreased from 3.6% to 2.7%. Median income in 2014 was higher in Dawson County (\$49,955) than the state of Montana (\$46,766). Eligibility for free and reduced school lunch in the county increased from 22.5% in 2013 to 25.5% in 2016. The LIHEAP case load for the county decreased by 18.6% (86 in 2012 to 70 in 2015).

Poverty Rate

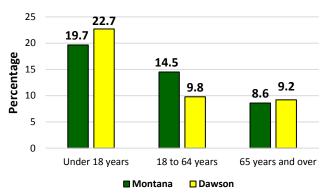
• The poverty rate in Dawson County was fairly stable from 2010 to 2011. The county's rate of 16.0% is more than the state rate of 15.2%. The state has trended up over this period while the county's rate has also trended up.



Poverty Rate by Age

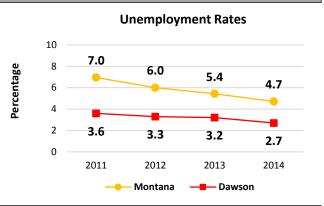
- The poverty rate for the youth (under 18) was higher in Dawson County than Montana; however, the poverty rates for working age adults (18 to 64) and elderly adults (65 and older) were lower in Dawson County than Montana.
- The poverty rate for youth, those under 18 years of age, was higher in Dawson County than the state (22.7% versus 19.7%). The poverty rate for those 18 to 64 was lower in Dawson County than the state (9.8% versus 14.5%). However, the poverty rate for elderly adults (65 and older) was higher in Dawson County than the state (9.2% versus 8.6%).





Unemployment Rate

• The unemployment rate in Dawson County declined by nearly 1% to 2.7% from 2011 to 2014. This is over 2% less than the statewide unemployment rate.



Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)

- The SNAP Program had 54,535 cases active in June of 2015 providing benefits to 116,843 Montanans. The average monthly benefit per case was \$254 (or \$118 per person). This represents 11.8% of the Montana population. These numbers are down from 2012 when there were 58,918 cases representing 126,547 recipients or 12.8% of the population. Also in 2012, the average benefit was \$276 per case or \$128 per person. Each program statistic has declined since 2012.
- In 2015, 6.2% of the population in Dawson County was receiving SNAP benefits. The average amount per case was \$221 down from \$230 in 2012. In the 2012, 5.6% of the population received benefits.

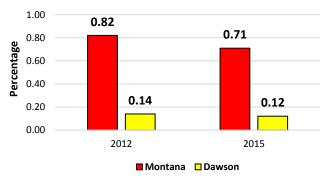
20.00 13.0 15.00 12.8 12.4 11.8 Percentage 10.00 5.00 6.4 6.2 5.6 5.4 0.00 2012 2013 2014 2015 Montana Dawson

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)

- The TANF program had 2,936 active cases in Montana in June of 2015 benefiting 7,007 individuals (0.71% of the population). The average benefit per case was \$374 per month. These numbers are down from 2012 when there were 3,282 cases benefiting 8,162 individuals (0.82% of the population). The average benefit in 2012 was \$426 per month.
- The average benefit in Dawson County per case was \$231 in June of 2015 with 0.12% of the population receiving TANF benefits.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)



Free and Reduced School Lunch Eligibility

• The percentage of school-aged children eligible for free and reduced school lunch in the county increased from 22.5% in 2013 to 25.5% in 2016, while the state decreased from 45.2% in 2013 to 42.6% in 2016.

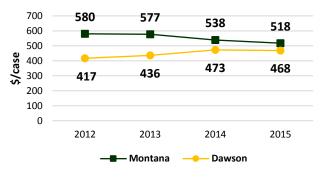
60 45.2 43.2 43.3 42.6 % of School Aged Children 50 40 30 20 26.8 25.8 25.5 22.5 10 0 2013 2014 2015 2016 - Montana - Dawson

Free and Reduced School Lunch Eligibility

Utilization of Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)

The LIHEAP case load decreased by 18.6% (86 in 2012 to 70 in 2015) for the county and increased by over 9.5% (10,765 in 2012 to 11,795 in 2015) for the state from December 2012 to December 2015. The LIHEAP payments per case increased by 12.4% (\$417 in 2012 to \$468 in 2015) in the county and 10.8% (\$580 in 2012 to \$518 in 2015) for the state from December 2012 to December 2015.

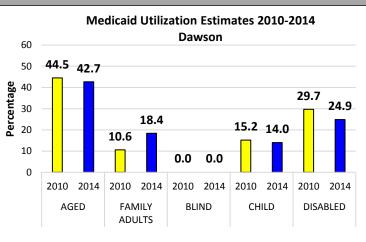
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)



Medicaid Utilization Estimates

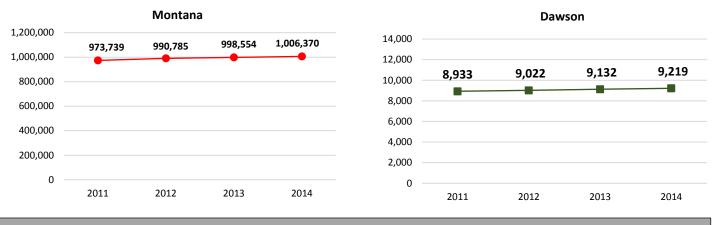
The county's family adults accounted for a higher percentage of Medicaid's Physical Health funding utilization in 2014 than 2010. Medicaid Physical Health expenditures in the county increased by 5.1% (\$5.1 million in 2010 to \$5.4 million in 2014), while increasing over 17.5% (\$624.4 million in 2010 to \$733.7 million in 2014) in the state.

Medicaid Physical Health	County	State	%
2010 (x\$1 million)	5.1	624.4	0.8
2014 (x\$1 million)	5.4	733.7	0.7



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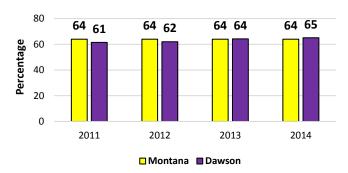
- From 2011 to 2014, the population of Dawson County increased by 3.2%.
- During the same time period, the state of Montana's population increased by 3.4%.



Labor Force

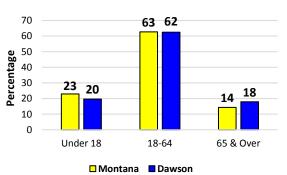
 Labor force participation rates (LFPR) were somewhat lower in Dawson County than state of Montana from 2011 through 2012. In 2013, the LFPR in Dawson County was the same as the state. In 2014, the rate was higher than the state rate.

Labor Force Participation Rate



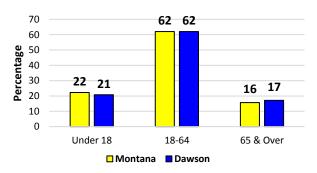
Age Distribution

• In 2014, the county's Under 18 population was a lower proportion than for Montana. The county's 65 & older population was a higher proportion than for Montana.



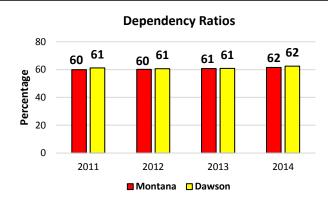
Age Distribution (2010)

Age Distribution (2014)



Dependency Ratios

- The dependency ratio is the number of young (0 to 17) and elderly (65 and older), who are said to be dependent, divided by the working age (18 to 64) population.
- The county's dependency ratio was very similar to the state's dependency ratio from 2011 to 2014.
- The county's dependency ratio increased from 61% in 2011 to 62% in 2014, while the state's dependency ratio increased from 60% in 2011 to 62% in 2014.



Educational Attainment Age 25 and Older

 In 2014, 9% of county residents aged 25 and older did not obtain a high school diploma, while the state average was 8%.

Data Note: Educational Attainment is measured by the American Community Survey 60 month (2010 to 2014) estimate.

42 45 40 34 30 ³¹ 35 29 Percentage 30 25 18 20 15 9 8 10 5 0 Less than high High school Some college Bachelor's school diploma graduate degree or higher

Educational Attainment Age 25 and Older

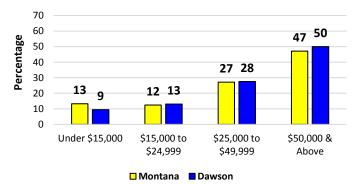
🗆 Montana 🔳 Dawson

Ranges of Income

- Twenty Five percent of households in Montana earned less than \$25,000 a year. Over the same time period, 47% of Montana households earned \$50,000 or more.
- The percentage of households in Dawson County with household income of less than \$25,000 per year was 22%, which is about 3% lower than the statewide rate.

Data Note: Income is measured by the American Community Survey 60 month (2010 to 2014) estimate.

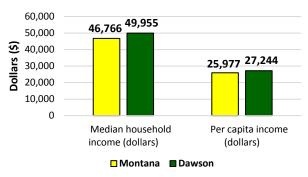
Ranges of Income



• The median income and the per-capita income amounts were higher for the county than the state.

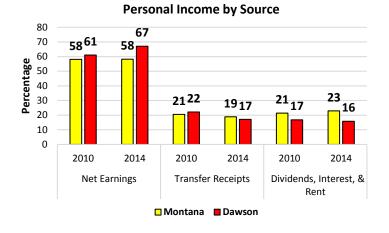
Data Note: Income is measured by the American Community Survey 60 month estimate based on 2010 to 2014 data.

Median Income 2010-2014



Personal Income by Source

- In Montana from 2010 to 2014, the percent of income generated by transfer receipts decreased from 21% to 19% of personal income. The percentage of personal income from dividends and interest increased from 21% to 23%.
- In Dawson County from 2010 to 2014, the percent of income generated by transfer receipts decreased from 22% to 17% of personal income. The percentage of personal income from dividends and interest decreased from 17% to 16%. Dawson County's personal income represents 1.0% of the statewide total.



Personal Income (2014)	Dawson	Montana	%
(\$ x 1000) Total Personal Income	\$392,212	\$40,843,525	1.0%

Transfer Payments

- From 2010 to 2014, the share of transfer payments for retirement and disability, medical benefits, and veteran's benefits increased, while other transfer payments decreased for the state.
- The share of transfer payments for retirement and disability benefits and Income maintenance benefits increased, while other transfer payments decreased for the county.

	Mon	tana	Daw	/son
Transfer Payments Share	2010	2014	2010	2014
Retirement and disability insurance benefits (%)	38.9	42.7	45.8	51.2
Medical benefits (%)	37.2	38.6	37.5	35.7
Income maintenance benefits (%)	8.6	8.3	5.2	5.4
Unemployment insurance compensation (%)	4.8	1.6	2.9	1.0
Veterans' benefits (%)	4.3	4.8	3.0	3.0
Other (%)	6.2	4.1	5.6	3.7

Total cost (x\$1,000,000) 2010	6,855	64
Total cost (x\$1,000,000) 2014	7,489	65

Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)

 From 2000 to 2013, EITC payments per EITC filer increased by 35.7% (\$1,567 in 2000 to \$2,127 in 2013) in the county and 35.1% (\$1,556 in 2000 to \$2,103 in 2013) in the state. The percentage of EITC filers (EITC filers/Total IRS filers) increased by 7% in the county and 18.3% in the state.

The data sources for this report can be found at www.montana.edu/extensionecon/poverty.html.



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