

Fallon County Montana Poverty Report Card



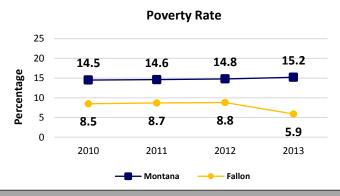
June 2016

Summary

The poverty rate for Fallon County decreased from 8.5% in 2010 to 5.9% in 2013. For the month of December in 2011 and 2014, the county's unemployment rate decreased from 2.7% to 1.9%. Median income in 2014 was higher in Fallon County (\$51,595) than the state of Montana (\$46,766). Eligibility for free and reduced school lunch in the county increased from 17.6% in 2013 to 27.0% in 2016. The LIHEAP case load for the county was unchanged (8 cases in 2012 and 2015).

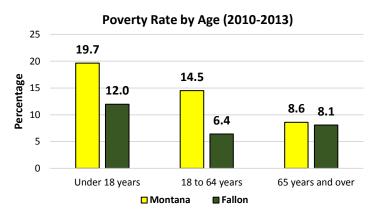
Poverty Rate

• The poverty rate in Fallon County is less than half of the state poverty level. The 2013 poverty level is 5.9%. The rate has declined from 8.5% in 2010. The state rate of 15.2% has increased over the same time period.



Poverty Rate by Age

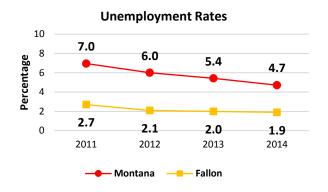
- The poverty rates for all age groups were lower in Fallon County than Montana.
- The poverty rate for youth, those under 18 years of age, was lower in Fallon County than the state (12.0% versus 19.7%). The poverty rate for those 18 to 64 was lower in Fallon County than the state (6.4% versus 14.5%). The poverty rate for elderly adults (65 and older) was lower in Fallon County than the state (8.1% versus 8.6%).



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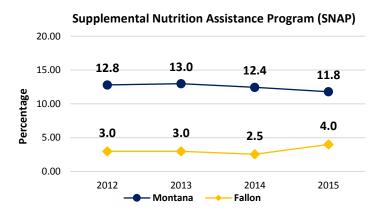
Unemployment Rate

• The unemployment rate in Fallon County in 2014 was less than 2%. This less than half of the statewide rate of 4.7%. The unemployment rates in Fallon County and the state of Montana declined each year from 2011 to 2014.



Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)

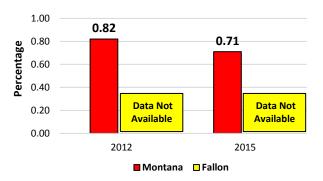
- The SNAP Program had 54,535 cases active in June of 2015 providing benefits to 116,843 Montanans. The average monthly benefit per case was \$254 (or \$118 per person). This represents 11.8% of the Montana population. These numbers are down from 2012 when there were 58,918 cases representing 126,547 recipients or 12.8% of the population. Also in 2012, the average benefit was \$276 per case or \$128 per person. Each program statistic has declined since 2012.
- In 2015, 4.0% of the population in Fallon County was receiving SNAP benefits. In 2012, 3.0% of the population received benefits.



Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)

- The TANF program had 2,936 active cases in Montana in June of 2015 benefiting 7,007 individuals (0.71% of the population). The average benefit per case was \$374 per month. These numbers are down from 2012 when there were 3,282 cases benefiting 8,162 individuals (0.82% of the population). The average benefit in 2012 was \$426 per month.
- County level data for the TANF is not available for Fallon County.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)



Free and Reduced School Lunch Eligibility

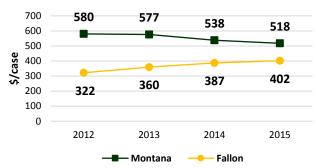
• The percentage of school-aged children eligible for free and reduced school lunch in the county increased from 17.6% in 2013 to 27% in 2016, while the state decreased from 45.2% in 2013 to 42.6% in 2016.

60 45.2 % of School Aged Children 43.2 43.3 42.6 50 . 40 30 20 27.0 23.5 10 18.5 17.6 0 2013 2014 2015 2016 Montana Fallon

Free and Reduced School Lunch Eligibility

Utilization of Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)

The LIHEAP case load was unchanged (8 cases) for the county and increased by over 9.5% (10,765 in 2012 to 11,795 in 2015) for the state from December 2012 to December 2015. The LIHEAP payments per case increased by 25% (\$322 in 2012 to \$402 in 2015) in the county and 10.8% (\$580 in 2012 to \$518 in 2015) for the state from December 2012 to December 2015.

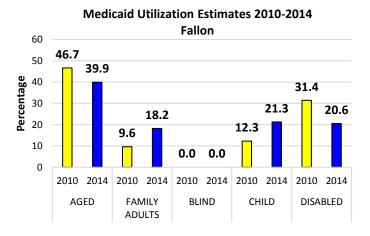


Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)

Medicaid Utilization Estimates

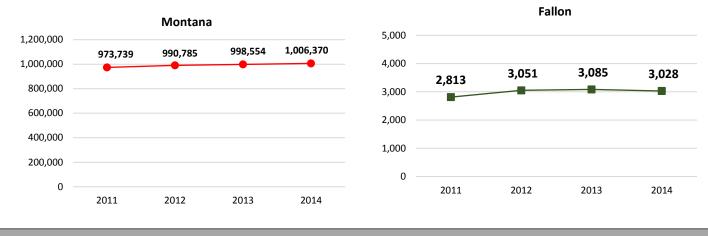
 The county's family adults and child clients accounted for a higher percentage of Medicaid's Physical Health funding utilization in 2014 than 2010. Medicaid Physical Health expenditures in the county increased by 44.3% (\$1.2 million in 2010 to \$1.7 million in 2014), while increasing over 17.5% (\$624.4 million in 2010 to \$733.7 million in 2014) in the state.

Medicaid Physical Health	County	State	%
2010 (x\$1 million)	1.2	624.4	0.2
2014 (x\$1 million)	1.7	733.7	0.2



Population

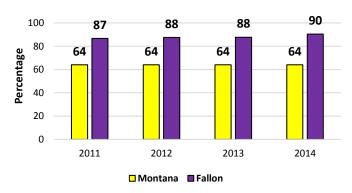
- From 2011 to 2014, the population of Fallon County increased by 7.6%.
- During the same time period, the state of Montana's population increased by 3.4%.



Labor Force

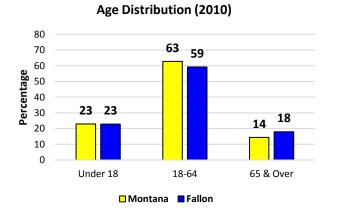
 Labor force participation rates (LFPR) were substantially higher in Fallon County than state of Montana from 2011 through 2014.

Labor Force Participation Rate

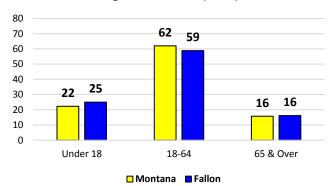


Age Distribution

• In 2014, the county's Under 18 population was a higher proportion than for Montana. The county's 65 & older population was a similar to Montana's proportion.

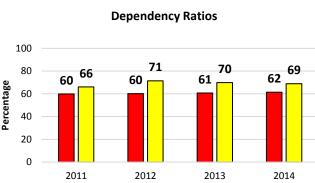


Age Distribution (2014)



Dependency Ratios

- The dependency ratio is the number of young (0 to 17) and elderly (65 and older), who are said to be dependent, divided by the working age (18 to 64) population.
- The county's dependency ratio was higher than the state's dependency ratio from 2011 to 2014.
- The county's dependency ratio increased from 66% in 2011 to 69% in 2014, while the state's dependency ratio increased from 60% in 2011 to 62% in 2014.



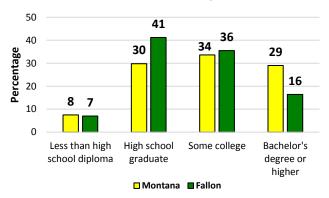
Montana Fallon

Educational Attainment Age 25 and Older

 In 2014, 7% of county residents aged 25 and older did not obtain a high school diploma, while the state average was 8%.

Data Note: Educational Attainment is measured by the American Community Survey 60 month (2010 to 2014) estimate.

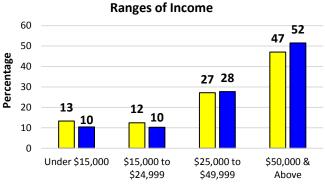
Educational Attainment Age 25 and Older



Ranges of Income

- Twenty Five percent of households in Montana earned less than \$25,000 a year. Over the same time period, 47% of Montana households earned \$50,000 or more.
- The percentage of households in Fallon County with household income of less than \$25,000 per year was nearly 20%, which is 5% lower than the statewide rate.

Data Note: Income is measured by the American Community Survey 60 month (2010 to 2014) estimate.



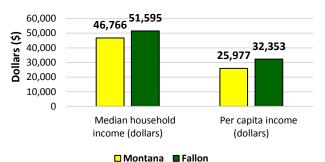
Montana Fallon

Median Income

 The median income and the per-capita income amounts were higher for the county than the state.

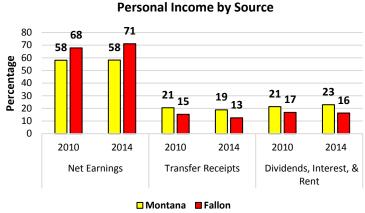
Data Note: Income is measured by the American Community Survey 60 month estimate based on 2010 to 2014 data.

Median Income 2010-2014



Personal Income by Source

- In Montana from 2010 to 2014, the percent of income generated by transfer receipts decreased from 21% to 19% of personal income. The percentage of personal income from dividends and interest increased from 21% to 23%.
- In Fallon County from 2010 to 2014, the ¹⁰ percent of income generated by transfer receipts decreased from 15% to 13% of personal income. The percentage of personal income from dividends and interest decreased from 17% to 16%. Fallon County's personal income represents 0.4% of the statewide total.



Personal Income (2014)	Fallon	Montana	%
(\$ x 1000) Total Personal Income	\$151,160	\$40,843,525	0.4%

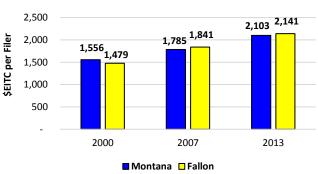
Transfer Payments

- From 2010 to 2014, the share of transfer payments for retirement and disability, medical benefits, and veteran's benefits increased, while other transfer payments decreased for the state.
- From 2010 to 2014, the share of transfer payments for retirement and disability and medical benefits, while other transfer payments decreased for the county.

	Montana		Fallon	
Transfer Payments Share	2010	2014	2010	2014
Retirement and disability insurance benefits (%)	38.9	42.7	44.2	45.7
Medical benefits (%)	37.2	38.6	40.5	43.7
Income maintenance benefits (%)	8.6	8.3	5.0	4.6
Unemployment insurance compensation (%)	4.8	1.6	2.9	1.0
Veterans' benefits (%)	4.3	4.8	1.9	1.5
Other (%)	6.2	4.1	5.5	3.4
Total cost (x\$1,000,000) 2010		6,855		17
Total cost (x\$1,000,000) 2014		7,489		18

Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)

 From 2000 to 2013, EITC payments per EITC filer increased by 44.8% (\$1,479 in 2000 to \$2,141 in 2013) in the county and 35.1% (\$1,556 in 2000 to \$2,103 in 2013) in the state. The percentage of EITC filers (EITC filers/Total IRS filers) decreased by 19.7% in the county and increased by 18.3% in the state. Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)



The data sources for this report can be found at www.montana.edu/extensionecon/poverty.html.



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