Responsible Conduct of Research

Kirk Lubick Director, Office of Research Compliance

Kelly Beiswanger Compliance Manager

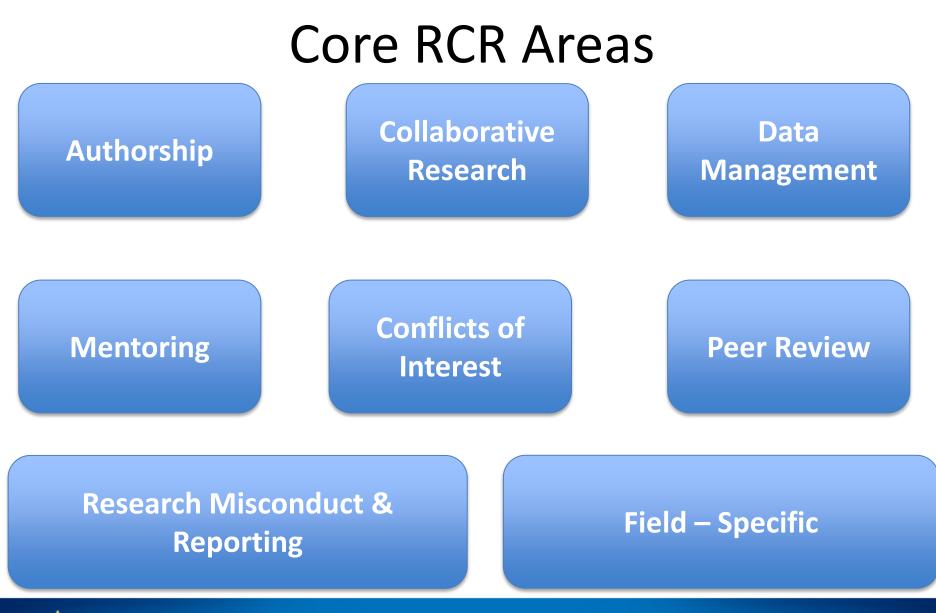




Responsible Conduct of Research

The practice of scientific investigation with integrity and involves the awareness and application of established norms and ethical principles in the performance of all activities related to scientific research.





MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY

MSU RCR Training Plan

How:

- CITI Training
- PHL 491 or BIOB 424
- ORC in-person training





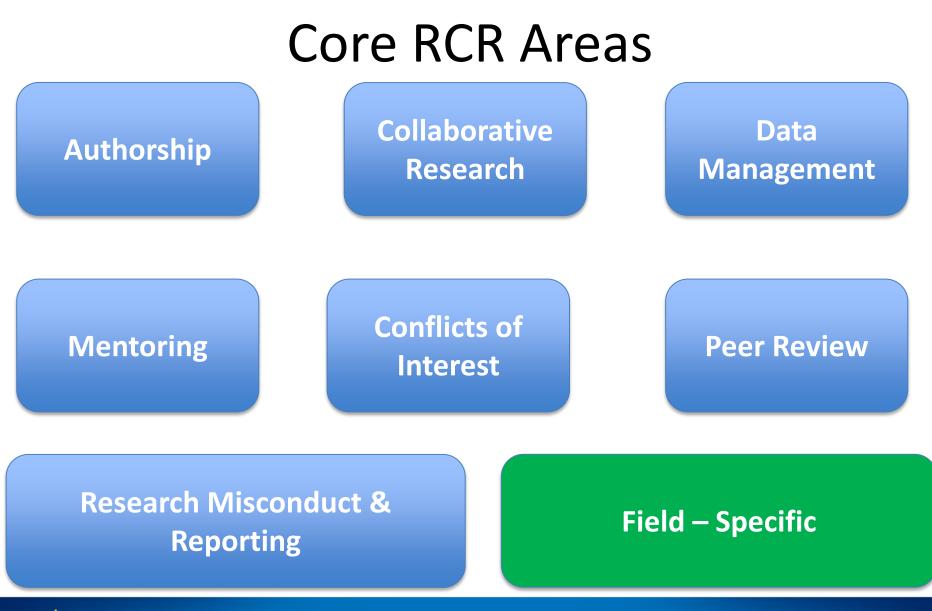
Question 5

Responsible Conduct of Research

If you want to take Responsible Conduct of Research (RCR) Course, please make your selection below.

Choose one answer

- Biomedical Responsible Conduct of Research Course
- Social and Behavioral Responsible Conduct of Research Course
- Physical Science Responsible Conduct of Research Course
- Humanities Responsible Conduct of Research Course
- Responsible Conduct of Research for Engineers



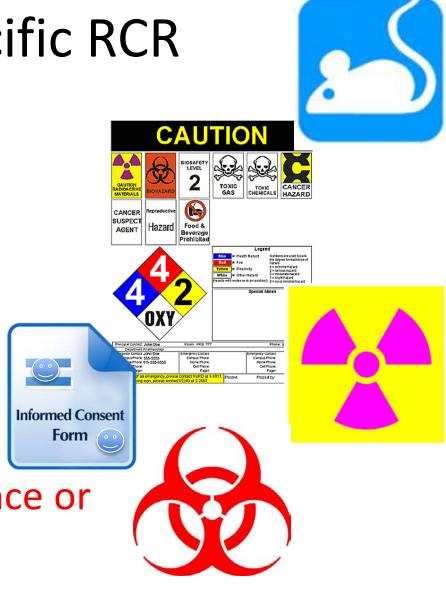
MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY

Field-Specific RCR

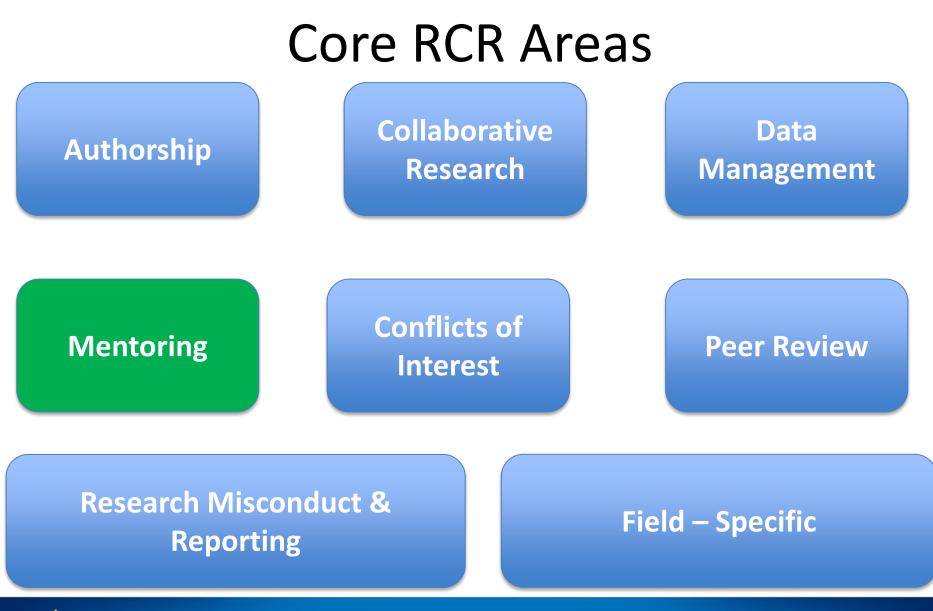
- Safe Lab Practice
- Biosafety
- Radiation Safety
- Chemical Safety
- Animal Subjects
- Human Subjects

Contact:

Office of Research Compliance or Safety & Risk Management



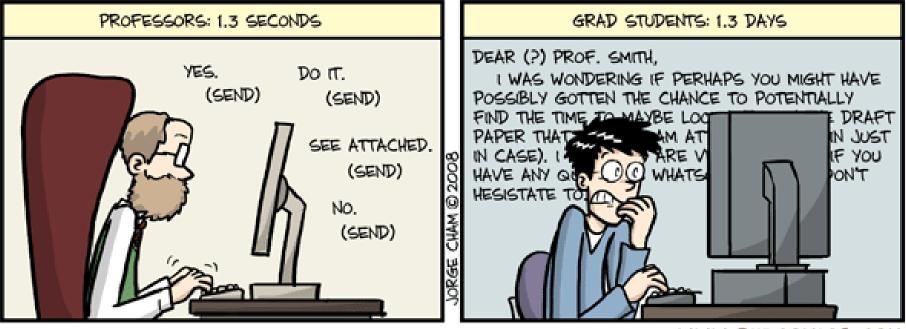




MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY

Mentoring

AVERAGE TIME SPENT COMPOSING ONE E-MAIL



WWW.PHDCOMICS.COM

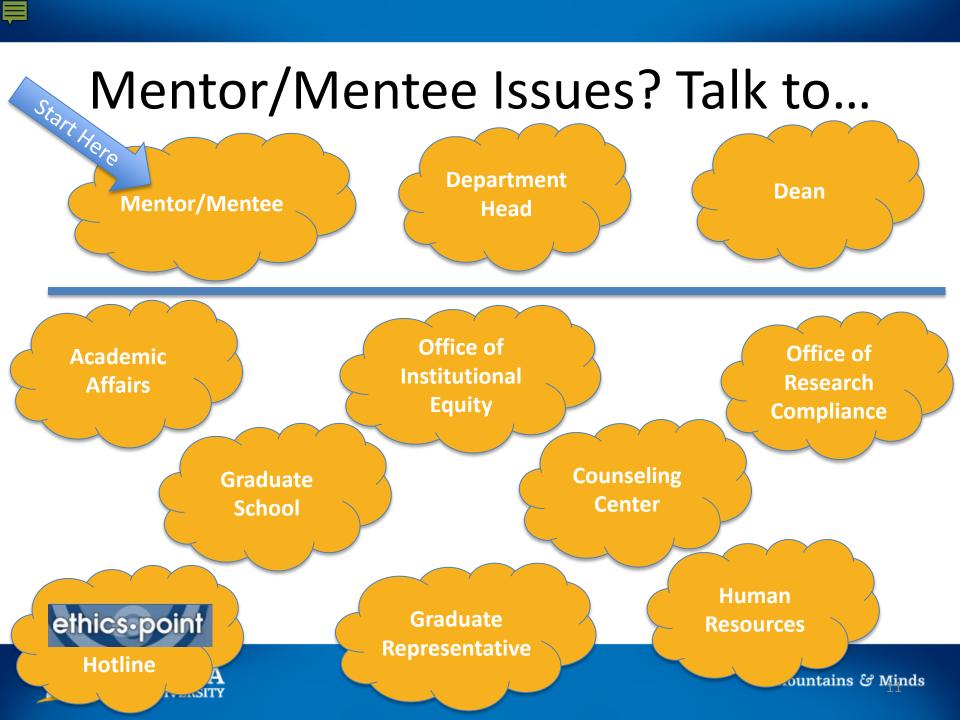


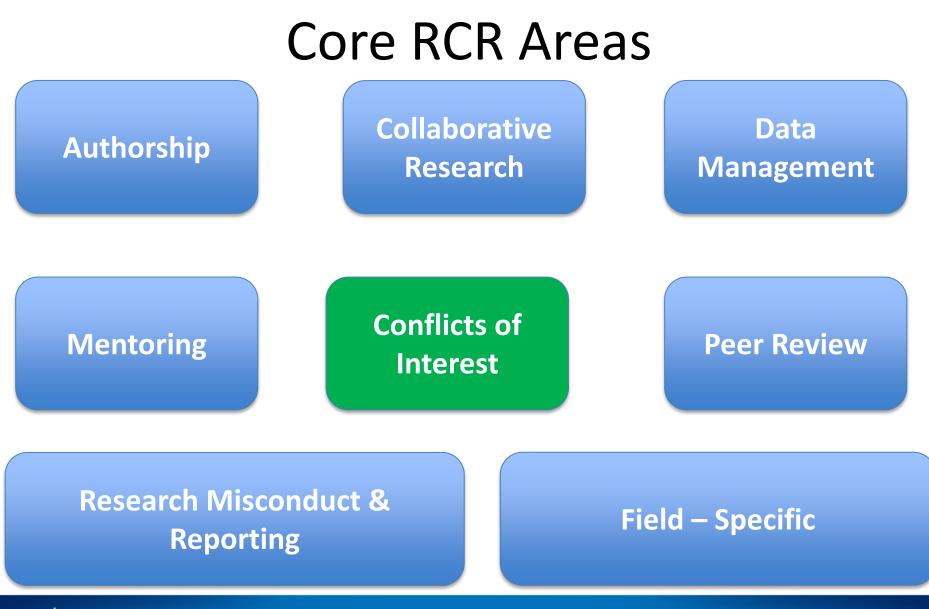


Mentoring

	Mentor Responsibilities	Mentee Responsibilities
* * *	Providing scientific knowledge Passing on skills and techniques Guiding student work Assisting with achieving career goals	 Contributing to the scientific goals of the lab Providing a fresh perspective Gaining scientific knowledge
*	Providing contacts and relationships with other scientists	

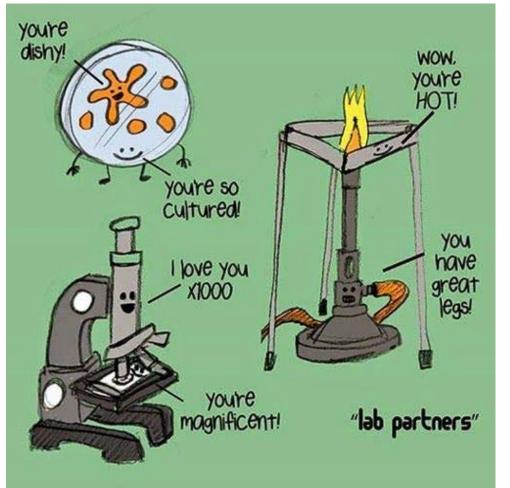






MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY

Conflicts of Interest

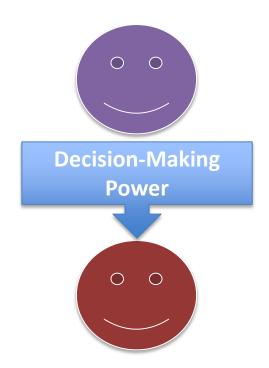


- Dating
- Relatives

[Source: http://clinical-laboratory.blogspot.com/2014/08/tools-of-microbiology.html]



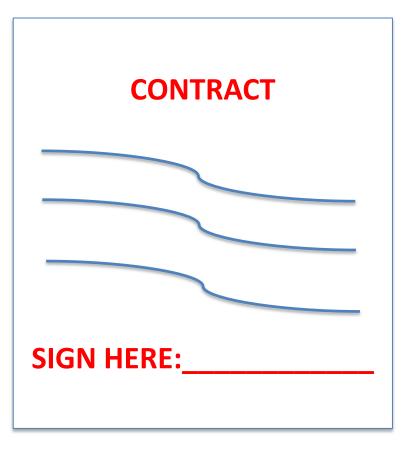
Conflicts of Interest



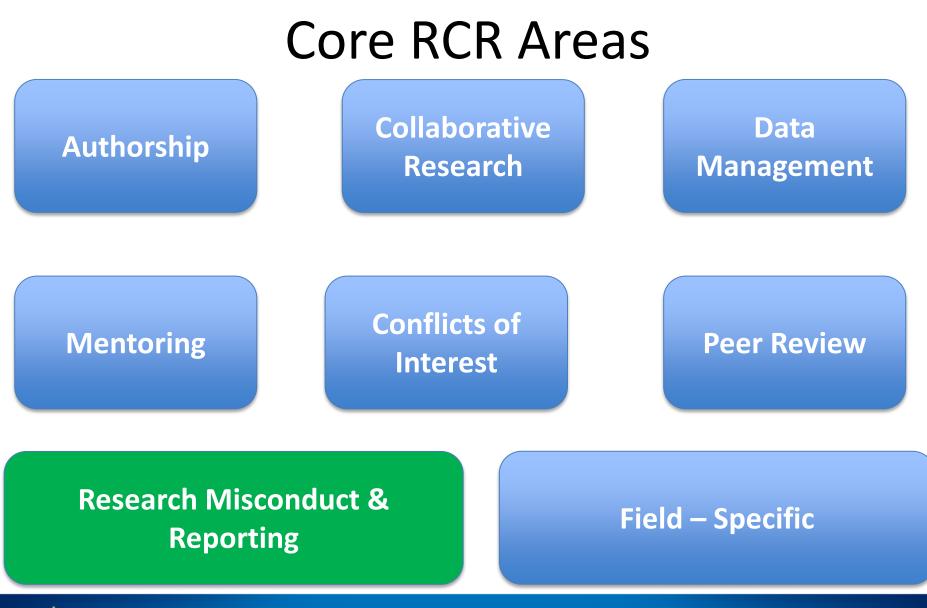


Conflicts of Interest

• Outside Employment











In proposing, performing, or reviewing research results:







In proposing, performing, or reviewing research results:

Fabrication: making up results and recording or reporting them.





In proposing, performing, or reviewing research results:

<u>Falsification</u>: manipulating research materials, equipment, or processes, or changing or omitting results such that the research is not accurately represented in the record.





BE AWARE:

Undocumented image manipulations can lead to accusations of research misconduct.

> of ORI's closed research misconduct cases involved image manipulation.*

> > *between 2011 and 2015







In proposing, performing, or reviewing research results:

<u>**Plagiarism</u>**: appropriation of another person's ideas, processes, results, or words without giving proper credit.</u>



Criteria for Research Misconduct

- ✓ Represents a significant departure from accepted practices
- ✓ Has been committed intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly
- ✓ Can be proven by a significant amount of evidence

NOT Misconduct: honest, unintentional error



Research Misconduct Policy

MSU Policies and Procedures > Electronic Research Data Security Policy > Research Misconduct Policy

Research Misconduct Policy

Subject:	Research Misconduct Policy	
Revised:	November 15, 2012	
Effective:	November 15, 2012	
Review Date:	November 2015	
Responsible Party:	Office of Research Compliance	

At MSU:

100.00 Policy on Research Misconduct

200.00 Definitions

300.00 Reporting the Allegation

400.00 The Investigation

500.00 Confidentiality and Protection of Reputations

600.00 Appointment of Impartial Inquirer or Investigator

700.00 Notice to Respondent

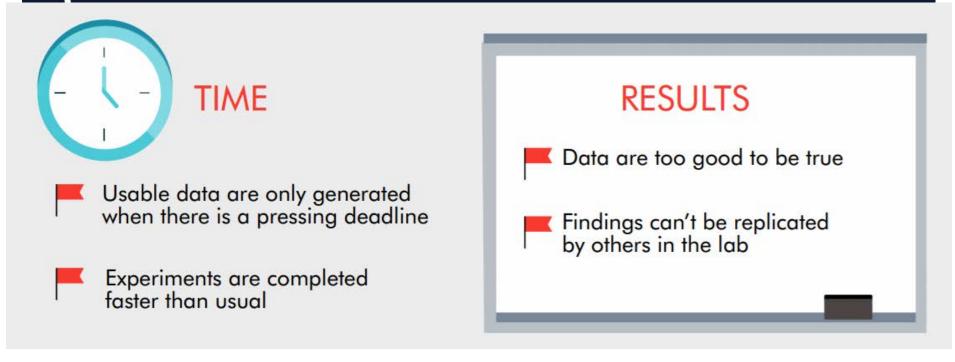
800.00 Maintenance and Custody of Research Records and Evidence

900.00 Interim Protective Actions

1000.00 Notification and Coordination with ORI



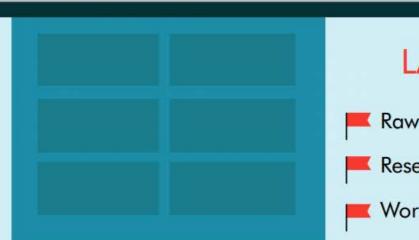
POSSIBLE RED FLAGS OF RESEARCH MISCONDUCT







POSSIBLE RED FLAGS OF RESEARCH MISCONDUCT



LACK OF TRANSPARENCY

TOP SECRET

- Raw data can't be produced when requested
- Research materials and protocols are kept hidden
- Work is mostly done when no one else is around







• Reasons for misconduct

WHAT DRIVES PEOPLE TO COMMIT RESEARCH MISCONDUCT?



YOU SUSPECT RESEARCH MISCONDUCT

AVOID CONFRONTATION

Direct confrontation may lead to retaliation and/or tampering with evidence.

KEEP NOTES

Document details and save communications related to the misconduct. This will help you recall important information needed by the institution.

EDUCATE YOURSELF

Read your institution's research misconduct policy or contact the U.S. Office of Research Integrity (ORI) with questions.

SEEK SUPPORT

You may want to get advice from someone you trust to help you consider all options.

CONSULT YOUR RESEARCH INTEGRITY OFFICER (RIO)

RIOs can help you better understand the situation. You can speak in hypotheticals as you consider making an official allegation.





What if I need to report something that falls outside of fabrication, falsification, or plagiarism?









When you get off track...



[the derailment and wreck of the Granville - Paris Express, October 22, 1895.]





I something something™

Source: https://www.dhs.gov/see-something-say-something



Office of Research Compliance Areas

- 1. Animal Care and Use (IACUC)
- 2. Biosafety (IBC)
- 3. <u>Conflict of Interest</u>
- 4. Export Control
- 5. <u>Human Subjects (IRB)</u>
- 6. <u>Non-Disclosure & Material Transfer Agreements</u>
- 7. <u>Radiation Safety</u>
- 8. <u>Reporting</u>
- 9. <u>Research Misconduct</u>
- 10. Responsible Conduct of Research

