

An  $m_{ij}$  array representation of European Dipper data for males.

Values indicate how many of the animals were *first* recaptured after release on occasion  $i$ .

Occ.	R(i)	j= 2	3	4	5	6	7	Total
1	12	6	1	0	0	0	0	7
2	26		11	0	0	0	0	11
3	37			17	1	0	0	18
4	39				22	0	1	23
5	45					25	0	25
6	48						28	28

E.g.,  $m_{12}=6$  and  $m_{13}=1$  because 6 of the original 12 birds released on occasion 1, 6 were 1<sup>st</sup> seen again on occasion 2, and 1 was first seen again on occasion 3.

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1111110 1;
1111000 1;
1100000 4;
1010000 1;
1000000 5;

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The 6 animals from Release 1 that were first seen again on occasion 2 were re-released on occasion 2.

Thus,  $R_2 = 6 + 20 = 26$

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1111110 1;
1111000 1;
1100000 4;
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0111100 1;
0111000 1;
0110000 7;
0100000 11;

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Of the 26 birds released on occasion 2, 11 were 1<sup>st</sup> seen again on occasion 3, and the other 15 were never seen again.

The 1 animal from Release 1 that was 1<sup>st</sup> seen again on occasion 3 plus the 11 animals from Release 2 that were first seen again on occasion 3 were all re-released on occasion 3. Thus,  $R_3 = 1 + 11 + 25 = 37$ .

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1010000 1;
1111110 1;
1111000 1;
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0111100 1;
0111000 1;
0110000 7;
-----
0011110 1;
0011100 4;
0011000 8;
0010110 1;
0010000 11;

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Of those 37 birds, 17 were 1<sup>st</sup> seen again on occasion 4 and 1 was 1<sup>st</sup> seen again on occasion 5.

As stated on page 421 of your textbook, right-hand column, and shown in Equation 17.4 and Table 17.4, probability distributions for the various encounter histories that are observed can be written using the  $m_{ij}$  statistics

$$\begin{aligned} \Pr(m_{12}, m_{13}, m_{14} \mid R_1) &= \frac{R_1!}{m_{12}!m_{13}!m_{14}!(R_1 - r_1)!} \\ &\times \left\{ (\varphi_1 p_2)^{m_{12}} [\varphi_1 (1 - p_2) \right. \\ &\times \varphi_2 p_3]^{m_{13}} [\varphi_1 (1 - p_2) \varphi_2 \\ &\times (1 - p_3) \varphi_3 p_4]^{m_{14}} \chi_1^{(R_1 - r_1)} \left. \right\}. \end{aligned} \quad (17.4)$$

**TABLE 17.4** Expected Numbers of Recaptures  $E(m_{ij} \mid R_i)$  for the Data of Table 17.2 under the Cormack–Jolly–Seber Model Structure

Releases in period $i$	Recapture period $j$		
	2	3	4
$R_1$	$R_1 \varphi_1 p_2$	$R_1 \varphi_1 (1 - p_2) \varphi_2 p_3$	$R_1 \varphi_1 (1 - p_2) \varphi_2 (1 - p_3) \varphi_3 p_4$
$R_2$		$R_2 \varphi_2 p_3$	$R_2 \varphi_2 (1 - p_3) \varphi_3 p_4$
$R_3$			$R_3 \varphi_3 p_4$