

Constants used:

$$\epsilon_0 := 8.854187817 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot \frac{\text{farad}}{\text{m}} \quad \mu_0 := 4 \cdot \pi \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot \frac{\text{newton}}{\text{amp}^2} \quad c := 3.0 \cdot 10^8 \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{sec}}$$

$$Z_0 := \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_0}} \quad Z_0 = 376.73 \, \Omega \quad \lambda = \frac{c}{f} \cdot \sqrt{\mu_r \cdot \epsilon_r}$$

***** Microstrip Antenna Design *****

$$f := 5800 \text{ MHz} \quad t := 0.062 \text{ in} \quad Q := 40 \quad \epsilon_r := 4.5$$

$$t = 0.157 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_0 := \frac{c}{f} \quad \lambda_0 = 5.172 \text{ cm} \quad \frac{t}{\lambda_0} = 3.045 \% \quad \text{should be } < 1\%$$

a) find the a and b dimensions

select b dimension

$$a_{\text{approx}} := \frac{\lambda_0}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r}} \quad a_{\text{approx}} = 1.219 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{let } b := \frac{2.5}{2} \cdot a_{\text{approx}} \quad \boxed{b = 1.524 \text{ cm}}$$

determine "a" dimension

$$\epsilon_{\text{reff}} := \frac{\epsilon_r + 1}{2} + \frac{\epsilon_r - 1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{1 + \frac{10 \cdot t}{b}} \quad \epsilon_{\text{reff}} = 5.245$$

$$\Delta a := t \cdot \left[\frac{(\epsilon_{\text{reff}} + 0.3) \cdot \left(\frac{b}{t} + 0.264 \right)}{(\epsilon_{\text{reff}} - 0.258) \cdot \left(\frac{b}{t} + 0.813 \right)} \right] \quad \Delta a = 0.068 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{The error in ignoring } \Delta a \text{ is: } \frac{\Delta a}{a_{\text{approx}}} = 5.608 \%$$

$$\text{The center frequency resonance error is: } f \cdot \frac{\Delta a}{a_{\text{approx}}} = 325.242 \text{ MHz}$$

the corrected length:

$$a := \frac{c}{2 \cdot f} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_{\text{reff}}}} - \Delta a \quad a = 1.061 \text{ cm}$$

b) find the feed location:

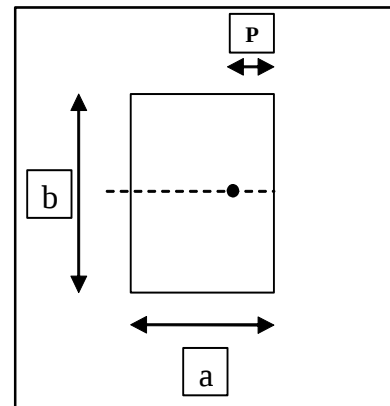
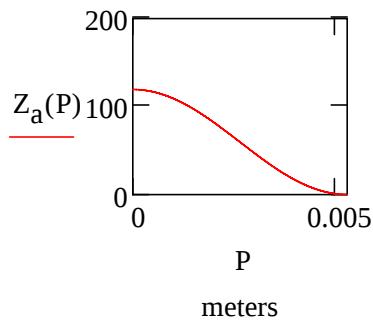
$$Z := Z_0 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{\epsilon_r}} \quad Z = 177.592 \, \Omega \quad k := \frac{2 \cdot \pi}{\lambda_0} \cdot \sqrt{\epsilon_r} \quad k = 257.687 \, \frac{1}{\text{m}}$$

$$t = 1.575 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

let $Z_a := 50 \, \Omega$

$$Z_a = \frac{Q \cdot Z \cdot t}{\epsilon_r \cdot k} \cdot \psi^2 \quad \psi = \sqrt{\frac{2}{a \cdot b}} \cos\left(\frac{\pi \cdot P}{a}\right)$$

$$Z_a(P) := \frac{Q \cdot Z \cdot t}{\epsilon_r \cdot k} \cdot \frac{2}{a \cdot b} \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi \cdot P}{a}\right)$$



$$P := .29 \text{ cm}$$

$$Z_a(P) = 50.944 \, \Omega$$

Note: If Z_a is too small or P is too small, decrease initial b width to increase the Z_a profile

maximum directivity :

$$\theta_{\text{BE}} := 2 \cdot \arccos \left[\sqrt{\frac{7.03 \lambda_0^2}{(3a^2 + t^2) \cdot 4\pi^2}} \right] \quad \theta_{\text{BE}} = 68.412^\circ$$

$$k_0 := \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_0} \quad k_0 = 121.475 \, \frac{1}{\text{m}}$$

$$\theta_{\text{BH}} := 2 \cdot \arccos \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2 + k_0 \cdot b}} \right) \quad \theta_{\text{BH}} = 118.73^\circ$$