

MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY

# **Chouteau County**

EXTENSION



January 2021

Chouteau County is a rural county located in North Central Montana, and contains part of the Rocky Boy Reservation. Over 81% of land in Chouteau County is classified as farm land.

5,745
2,424
81.4
633
L,829
3,271

### **Farm Revenue**

Farm revenues (which includes the market value of products sold, government payments, and farm-related income) were over \$204 million while production expenses were \$154 million. Government payments were 11% of farm revenues.

Market Value of Products Sold	\$170,741,000
Government Payments	\$21,813,000
Farm-Related Income	\$12,032,000
Total Farm Production Expenses	\$154,305,000
Net Cash Farm Income	\$50,282,000

Source: Census of Agriculture: Tables 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6: 2017

## Taxation

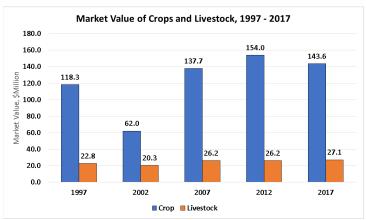
The market value of all property in Chouteau County was approximately \$1 billion in 2019. The taxable value assigned by the Montana Department of Revenue was \$9.7 million. Agricultural Property (as defined by Montana Department of Revenue as Class 3 Property) comprised 35% of the county's taxable value.

Property Tax Summary	2019	2014
Market Value of All	1,082,582,883	1,185,252,694
Property		
Taxable Value of All	27,848,525	20,023,419
Property		
Taxable Value of	9,755,612	7,492,755
Agricultural Property		
Ag Taxable Value as %	35%	37%
of All Property		

Source: Montana Dept. of Rev. Montana Taxes by County in  $\underline{2018}$  and Montana Taxes by County in  $\underline{2014}$ 

### Market Value of Crops and Livestock

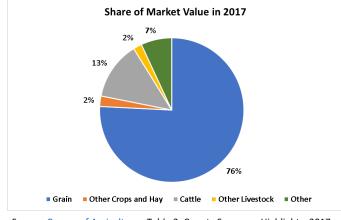
After adjusting for inflation, the market value of crops increased by 21%, while the market value of livestock increased by 19%, from 1997 to 2017.



Sources: <u>Census of Agriculture</u>: Table 1: County Summary Highlights: 2017 and <u>St. Louis Fed Producer Price Index</u>

### **Crops and Livestock**

Grain (76%) and cattle (13%) comprised 89% of total crop and livestock sales in 2017.



Source: Census of Agriculture: Table 2: County Summary Highlights: 2017

## Farm Size by Acres

The percentage of smaller farms, less than 500 acres, increased slightly from 25% to 27%, while the percentage of larger farms, 500 acres or more, decreased slightly from 75% to 73% from 2012 to 2017.

	2017		2012	•
	Number		Number	
Farm Size by Acres	of Farms	%	of Farms	%
1 to 9	2	0	17	2
10 to 49	25	4	26	3
50 to 179	68	11	67	9
180 to 499	70	11	79	10
500 to 999	79	12	96	12
1,000 or more	389	61	489	63
TOTAL	633	100	774	100

Source: Census of Agriculture: Table 2: County Summary Highlights: 2017

## Farm Size by Sales

The proportion of total sales from the smallest farms with less than \$100,000 in sales decreased from 50% to 48%, while the proportion of total sales from the largest farms with sales of \$100,000 or more increased from 50% to 52% from 2012 to 2017.

	2017		2012	
Farm Size by	Number		Number	
Sales	of Farms	%	of Farms	%
Less than 2,500	156	25	219	28
2,500 to 4,999	3	0	23	3
5,000 to 9,999	11	2	17	2
10,000 to 24,999	38	6	40	5
25,000 to 49,999	42	7	36	5
50,000 to 99,999	52	8	49	6
100,000 or more	331	52	390	50
TOTAL	633	100	774	100

Source: Census of Agriculture: Table 1: County Summary Highlights: 2017

## **Tillage and Land Use**

The percentage of farms using no till increased, while the percentage of farms using reduced or intensive tillage decreased from 2012 to 2017.

	2017		2012	
	Number		Number	
Tillage	of Farms	%	of Farms	%
No tillage	358	57	357	46
Reduced tillage	52	8	78	10
Intensive tillage	35	6	116	15
Cover crops	18	3	24	3
TOTAL FARMS	633		774	

Source: Census of Agriculture: Table 41 Land Use Practices

## **Producer Profile**

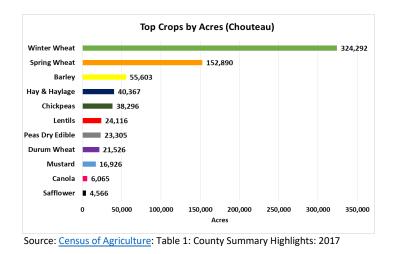
The county producer population was about the same age as the Montana producer population. Thirty-five percent of county producers were under 55 years of age, while 32% were over 65 years of age. Thirty-four percent of the Montana producer population were under 55, while 36% were over 65 years of age. Sixtyfour percent of producers in the county were males, while 60% of Montana producers were males. Farming was the primary occupation for 66% of county producers, while farming was the primary occupation for 50% of Montana producers.

	County		State	
	Number of		Number of	
Characteristics	Producers	%	Producers	%
Age				
18 – 25	12	1	570	1
25 to 34	98	8	3,285	7
35 to 44	156	13	5,179	11
45 to 54	150	13	7,309	15
55 to 64	360	30	13,838	29
65 to 74	227	19	11,469	24
75 and older	154	13	5,587	12
Sex	Sex			
Male	761	64	28,563	60
Female	423	36	18,673	40
Primary Occupation				
Yes	782	66	23,847	50
No	402	34	24,314	50
TOTAL PRODUCERS	1,184	100	48,161	100

Source: <u>Census of Agriculture</u>: Table 45 Selected Operation and Producer Characteristics

### **Top Crops by Acres**

The top crops were winter and spring wheat, barley, hay and haylage, chickpeas, lentils, peas dry edible, durum wheat, mustard, canola and safflower.



## **Top Livestock**

The top livestock were chickens-layers, cattle and sheep.

Livestock	Number of Head	
Chickens-Layers	93,291	
Cattle	37,644	
Sheep	577	
Source: Census of Agriculture: Tables 11 (Cattle), 13 (Sheep)		

Source: <u>Census of Agriculture</u>: Tables 11 (Cattle), 13 (Sheep) and 19 (Poultry)

## **Employment Impact**

Agricultural production employed 1,622 workers, or 65% of the county's labor force. According to IMPLAN, economic impact model, 1,004 of the workers were directly employed in production agriculture. An additional 569 workers were employed in businesses supporting agricultural production, such as feed and fertilizer dealers, and another 49 workers were employed in other related businesses, such as grocery and drugs stores. For every 10 jobs on farms and ranches, 6 additional jobs are generated in the county.

Labor Force	Impact Multipliers
2,491	
1,004	
569	0.57
49	0.05
1,622	0.62
65	
	2,491 1,004 569 49 1,622

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, www.bls.gov/#cntyaa and IMPLAN Estimates

## Value Added Impacts

Farms and ranches generated \$52.5 million of valueadded, or 38% of the county's total gross domestic product of \$137 million in 2017. According to IMPLAN, \$23.8 million was directly contributed by farmers and ranchers. An additional \$25.9 million was generated by businesses supporting agricultural production and \$2.8 million was generated by other related businesses. Each dollar of value-added in agriculture by a farmer or rancher contributes an additional \$1.21 of value-added in other sectors of the county's economy.

Impact Type	Value-Added (\$1 million)	Impact Multipliers
County GDP*	137.0	
Direct Impact**	23.8	
Indirect Impact**	25.9	1.09
Induced Impact**	2.8	0.12
Total Impact**	52.5	1.21
Agriculture's Share (%)	38	

Sources: \* St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank, \*\* IMPLAN Estimates

#### References

 2017 Census of Agriculture, National Agricultural Statistics Service, Montana, State and County Data, Volume 1, Geographic Area Series, part 26 <u>https://www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/AgCensus/2017/Full</u> <u>Report/Volume 1, Chapter 1 State Level/Montana/mtv1.p</u> <u>df</u>

- Dept. of Revenue "Montana Taxes by County in 2014" <u>https://mtrevenue.gov/wp-</u> content/uploads/2018/01/2014-Taxes-by-County.pdf
- Dept. of Revenue "Montana Taxes by County in 2018" <u>https://mtrevenue.gov/wp-</u> content/uploads/2020/02/2018-Taxes-by-County.pdf
- St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank (2017). Current dollar gross domestic product by county for Montana, retrieved from <u>https://fred.stlouisfed.org/release/tables?rid=397&</u> <u>eid=1062609&od=2017-01-01#</u>
- St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank (2020). Producer price index for all commodities, St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank, retrieved from <u>https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/PPIACO</u>
- Bureau of Labor Statistics (2017), Montana labor force, retrieved from <u>https://bls.gov/lau/#cntyaa</u>

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