Glossary

ADA	The abbreviation for Americans with Disabilities Act.
ASMSU	The abbreviation for the Associated Students of Montana State University, which is the student government association serving as the elected voice of the students of Montana State University at the Bozemar campus. This association is charged with the mission of enhancing the overall educational experience of students by providing leadership and employment opportunities for students and by cost-effectively providing diverse student-oriented, non-academic programs and services through responsible fiscal management of student activity fees.
Campus Core	This term has referred to the same general area of campus over the last 100 years; however, the size and configuration has differed slightly over the decades. The campus core is generally the area of campus bounded on the north by College Street, west by South 11th Avenue, south by Grant Street, and east by South 6th Avenue.
Cogeneration	The use of a heat engine or power station to simultaneously generate both electricity and useful heat.
Districts	A district is an area of concentrated similar use. The framework plan recognizes Academics, Community Venue, Campus Mixed-Use, Campus Core Housing, Campus West Housing, Agriculture, Support Services, and Enterprise Zones as districts. Districts emerge from the clustering of related but distinct uses referred to as neighborhoods.

Glossary continued

Eclectic	Specifically referring to architecture in this Plan, this term describes how the campus contains many different styles of architecture and how their components, materials and building techniques relate directly to the era in which they were designed and constructed.
Enterprise Zone	An Enterprise Zone is an area of campus which has great opportunities for development via a collaborative relationship between the public and private sectors. The public sector in this case would be Montana State University. The private sector includes collaborative business enterprises that partner with MSU for opportunities sharing assets.
Formal bus stop	A formal bus stop is one designated for regularly scheduled bus service stops by public, campus or combination transit services.
FPDC	The abbreviation for the Facilities Planning, Design and Construction department within University Services.
FTE	The abbreviation for the term "Full Time Equivalent," as it refers to students, faculty and staff as a unit of calculation.
Green Building	Green building is a term often used to describe a building or a construction project which employs any number of sustainable design and construction techniques meant to reduce the impact the project has on energy, water and other resources.
GSF	The abbreviation for the term Gross Square Footage, which is the sum of all areas on floors of a building included within the outside faces of its exterior walls.
Historic Campus	The historic area of campus is described as the area occupied by some of the original campus buildings, dating back to the late 1890s and the early 1900s, including Montana Hall, Hamilton Hall, Lewis Hall, Traphagen Hall, Herrick Hall, Linfield Hall, the Heating Plant, Roberts Hall, the S.O.B. Barn, Romney Gym, and the Student Union Building.

MSU, as the first state-supported institution of higher learning in Montana, was created as a result of the Morrill Land Grant Act of 1862, which granted 6.3 million acres of federal lands to endow and support at least one college in each state, where the leading objective would be "to teach agriculture, military tactics, the mechanic arts and home economics, not to the exclusion of other scientific or classical studies," so that members of the working classes might obtain a practical college education.
Each eligible state received 30,000 acres of federal land for each member of congress the state had as of the census of 1860. Montana's land trusts are held by the state and managed by the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation for the purpose of generating income for the trust beneficiaries. Over the years, MSU has expanded education opportunities to meet society's changing needs and developing economy, while continuing to demonstrate the relevance of the original land grant mission.
The abbreviation for the Long Range Building Program, which provides the deferred maintenance data used for acquiring funding, and supports expansion, renovation and new construction decisions.
The abbreviation for the Long Range Campus Development Plan; also referred to in this document as the "Plan."
The abbreviation for Montana State University.
Multi-modal refers to transportation options that include a variety of modes including but not limited to walking, biking, riding a scooter, taking public or university-based transit, or driving a car. Ideally, combined multi-modal transportation systems are optimal in order to provide options for users.

Glossary continued

Neighborhood	A neighborhood refers to the smaller, tight-knit areas of similar land uses, functions and resource needs. They are geographically connected in most cases, concentrate use in one area of campus and are distinctive sub-groups of a larger district.
Pedestrian Corridors	Physical connections or paths of travel that are reserved for pedestrians.
Transit shelter	A transit shelter is a strategically placed structure as a shelter for transit or bus users. These shelters are usually placed in accessible areas on campus, near centers of activities that are multi-modal transportation hubs, such as the Student Union.
UFPB	The abbreviation for the University Facilities Planning Board. The board consists of representatives of campus constituencies who are charged with reviewing development issues and recommending choices to the university president for approval.
University	Used in this document as another term for Montana State University.