Organic Farmers Growing in a Timeless Tradition



LENTILS • CHICKPEAS • BARLEY

America's Only Gourmet Line of Heirloom Organic Lentils and Specialty Grains

MONTANA POLLUTION PREVENTION PROGRAM

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EPA Pollution Prevention Program

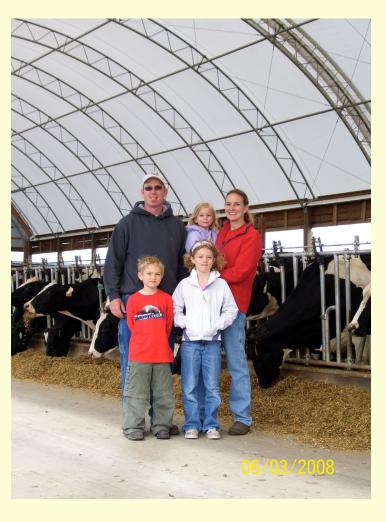
• The MTP2 Program is dedicated to helping the state's small businesses, local governments and citizens use progressive, integrated pollution prevention (P2) strategies to increase productivity, while safeguarding our air, water, land and other natural resources by reducing pollution. MTP2 is funded by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.





Twin Brooks, SD o Bozeman, MT





2000-2021: NorSwiss

Dairy, Inc

Summit, SD

2020-2021: Valley Queen

Cheese Milbank, SD

2022: B.S. Mechanical

Engineering Montana

State University

Bozeman, MT

2022-present: Montana

State University Food

Product Development

Lab



Support research that develops demand for regenerative agriculture and crop diversification.

Focus Roadmap



- Obtain access to past Bcorp self-assessment
- Update assessment to current practices



Material Recycling

- Terracycle
 - Hair nets, beard nets, label backings, ear plugs



Packaging

- Practice J.I.T. on retail pack line
- Redesign retail labels for optional preprinted
- Research solutions for bulk bagging
- Reduce labor from 2 to 1 persons
- Reduce physical demand of process



Distribution

- Connect Timeless with Such Grp INTL
- Save on freight costs
- Reduce freight damage
- Free up labor
- Reduce inventory spoilage / pest infestation
- Study freight damage reports

Focus Roadmap



Warehouse

- Perform psychometric analysis of building
- Investigate insulation, ventilation, and other passive heating/cooling options



Color Sorter Room

- Research required temperature range for equipment
- Insulate room to prevent temperature swings
- Reprogram air conditioner



Compressed Air

- Fix air leaks
- Create compressed air PM SOP
- Calculate energy savings before and after



Lighting

- Install occupancy sensors on 3 light switches
- Replace 2 halogens with LEDs

EXPANDING THE TIMELESS MISSION



- ∘ HOMS
 - Pollution Prevention
 - Community Engagement
 - Education and mentorship
- B CORP CERTIFICATION
 - Steps to achieve
 - 1. Form B-Corp Team: Finance, HR, Operations
 - 2. Review assessment
 - 3. Implement "low-hanging fruit" practices
 - 4. Retake assessment
 - 5. Sustain practices certification review every 3 years
- IMPACTS: Better serve the surrounding community, sustainable agriculture, Timeless Natural Food employees, and customers. Learn from global leaders in your industry. Increase visibility in the market.



Small Enterprise Guide

LEAN MANUFACTURING 111 8 WASTES

- Defects
- Overproduction
- Waiting
- Non-utilized Talent
- Transportation
- Inventory
- Motion
- Excessive Processing

Weak process control, bad or unknown information

Making more earlier and faster than is required

Unbalanced work, unplanned maintenance

Not using people's mental, creative, and physical abilities

Poor layout

Poor forecasts, unbalanced workload

Non-standard work, poor layout, poor organization

Doing more than required, just-in-case logic

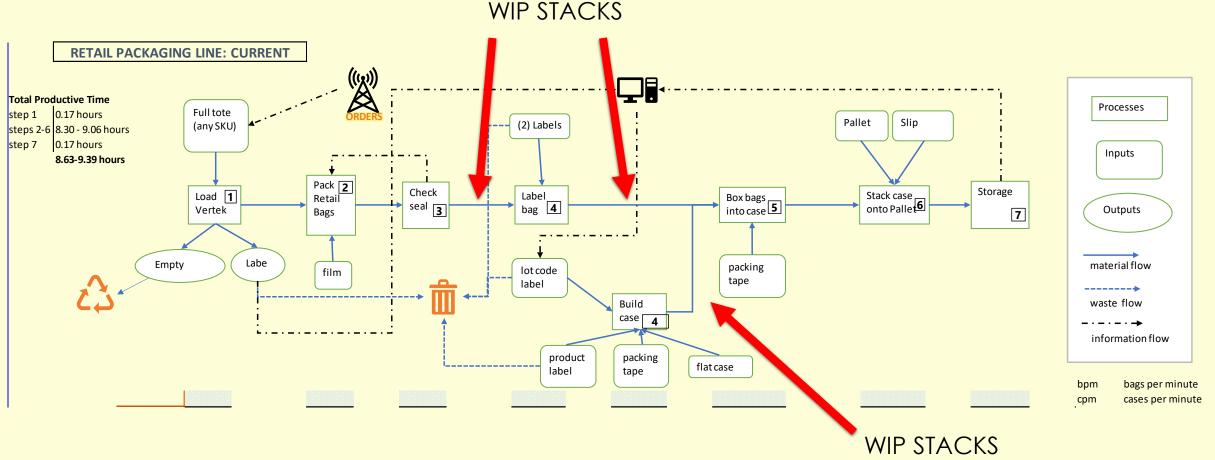




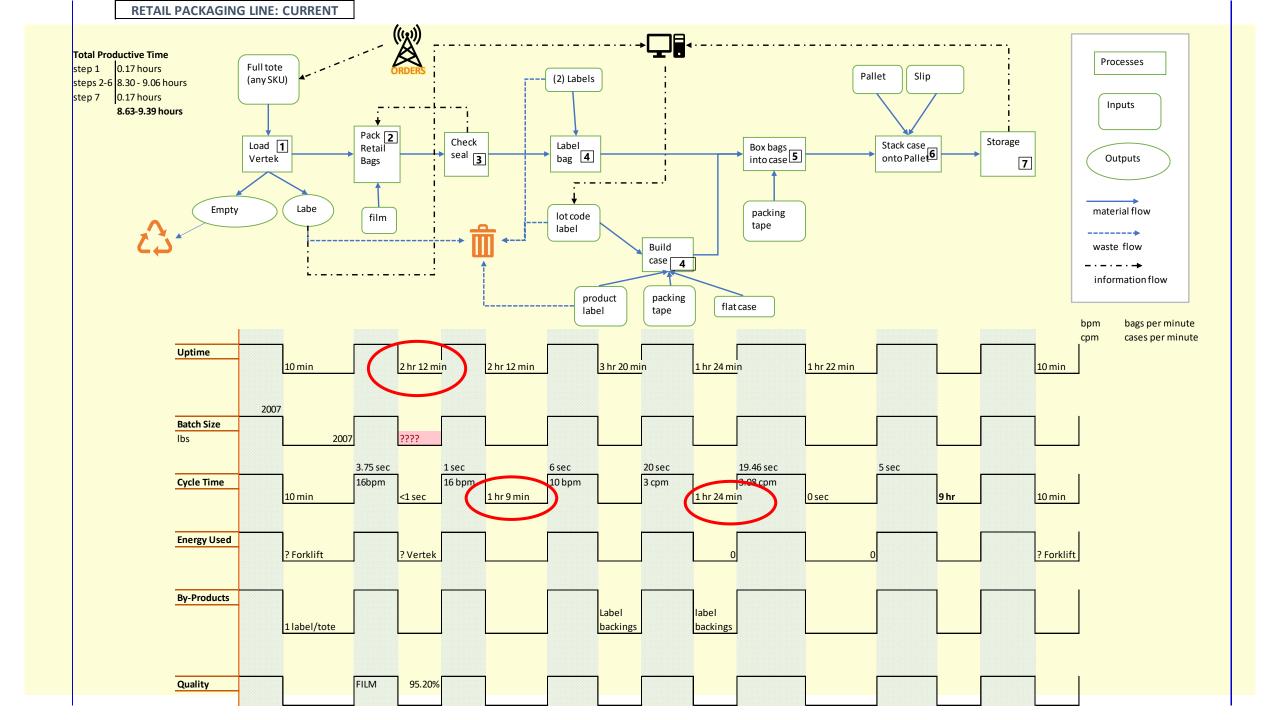


RETAIL PACKAGING

Current process is focused on completing one task at a time. This builds up inventory of WIP and additional time is spent handling unfinished product.

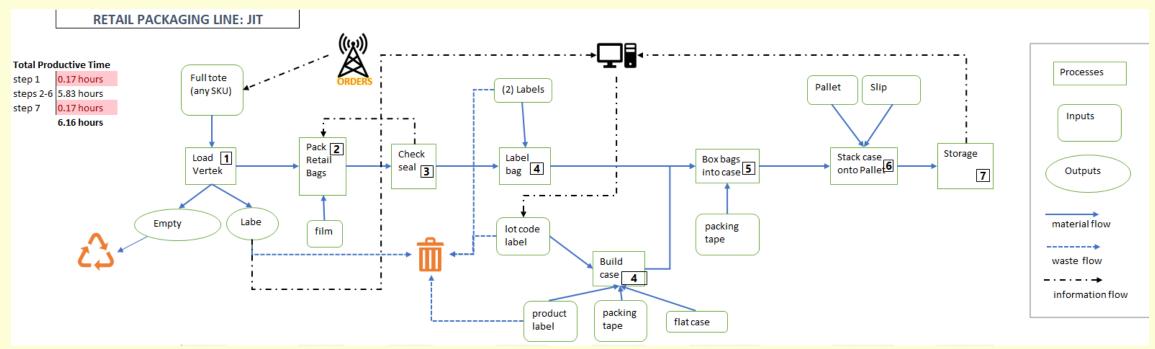


By running the vertek packer at 14-16 bpm, it takes at least a day to package a tote of product.



<u>Just in time</u> – receive goods as close as possible to when they are needed Bags and cases should flow left to right Information should flow right to left

Goal: once the step to the right is ready for the next bag/case, the step to the left should provide

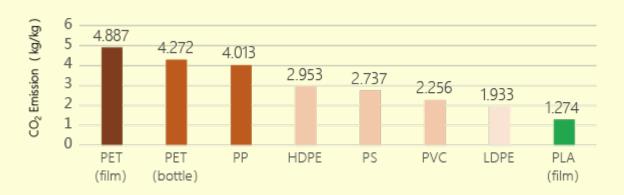


Slowing the Vertek packer to 6 bpm balances the flow of product such that single piece flow is achieved.

Even with reducing the speed of the Vertek, the time to package 1 tote is reduced by **3.23** hours or 36%.

Does reducing the speed also increase the quality of seal on the package in turn reducing wasted film and product.

Preprinted Film



- Current PP film
 - PROS: universal
 - CONS: requires label application, prone to zippering, nonrecyclable
- Proposed preprinted LDPE
 - PROS: no label application, familiar to customers, lower CO2 emissions in production
 - CONS: nonrecyclable, more appropriate for flat stacking instead of vertical (doesn't stand up), product specific
- Proposed preprinted PET
 - PROS: no label application, good clarity, good tensile strength
 - CONS: product specific, higher CO2 emissions in production
- Proposed preprinted PLA
 - PROS: no label application, lower CO2 emissions in production, biodegradable
 - CONS: product specific, cost

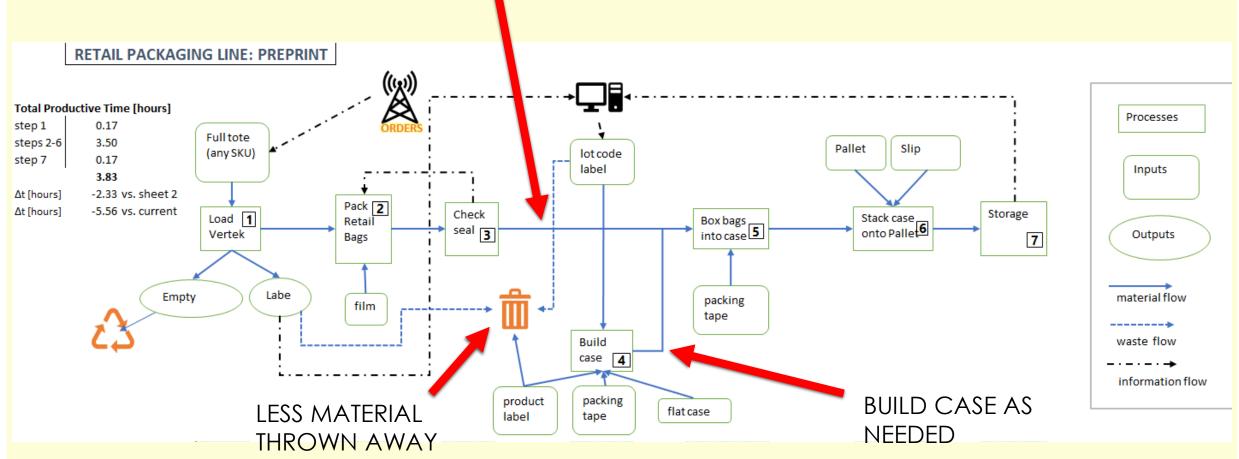
But preprinted film MOQs are too high

- Wide Web vs. Narrow Web
- Narrow Web allows for order to be split in SKU specific labels
- Cost = number of labels * number of colors * \$175 + film cost
- Lead time = 7-14 days
- 9 SKUS * 3 colors * \$175 = \$4,725
- But each product has a different density i.e. bag length
 - SKU specific bag design
 - Use bag design to your advantage

 By eliminating the need for label application, labor and supplies costs decrease

	PP film	labels	Preprint	cost of plates
quality	95.20%	99.00%		\$ 4,725.00
cost				
feet	5070			
impressio ns	5678	3500		
labor cost	\$ 40.00		\$ 40.00	
labor hours	5.83		3.5	
total cost	\$ 233.20	0	#DIV/0!	
weight				

BAG LABEL STEP ELIMINATED

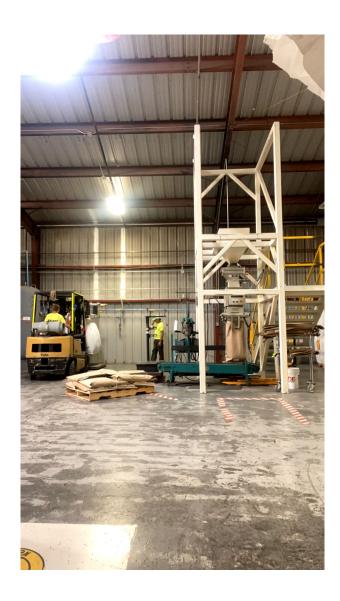


By eliminating the labeling step, and running the Vertek at 10 bpm, the time to package 1 tote of product is reduced **2.33 hours** or 40%. The rate of fill of the Vertek can be adjusted to balance rate of building and packing cases.

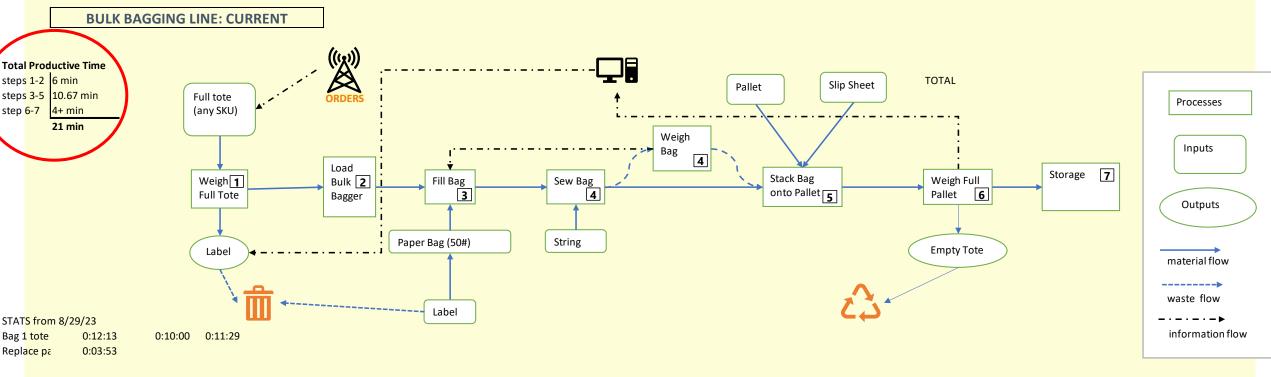
RETAIL PACKAGING LINE: PREPRINT Total Productive Time [hours] Processes step 1 0.17 **Full tote** steps 2-6 3.50 Pallet Slip (any SKU) lot code 0.17 step 7 label Inputs 3.83 -2.33 vs. sheet 2 Δt [hours] Pack 2 Δt [hours] -5.56 vs. current Storage Check Stack case onto Palle Load 1 Box bags Retail into case 5 seal 3 Vertek Outputs 7 Bags Labe Empty material flow packing film tape ----waste flow Build case 4 information flow product packing flat case label tape Uptime 10 min 10 min 2007 Batch Size lbs ???? 2007 6 sec 20 sec 20 sec 1 sec 5 sec 10 bpm 10 bpm 3 cpm Cycle Time 3 cpm 3.5 hr <1sec 48 sec <1 sec <1 sec **Energy Used** ? Forklift ? Forklift ? Vertek By-Products label 1 label/tote backings Quality FILM 95.20%

BULK BAG PACKAGING

- Pain points:
- Physically demanding
- Time intensive
- Bottleneck on sales
- Solutions are expensive?
 - Palletizer
 - Fully automated
- Zero cost solutions
 - Organization
 - Process layout



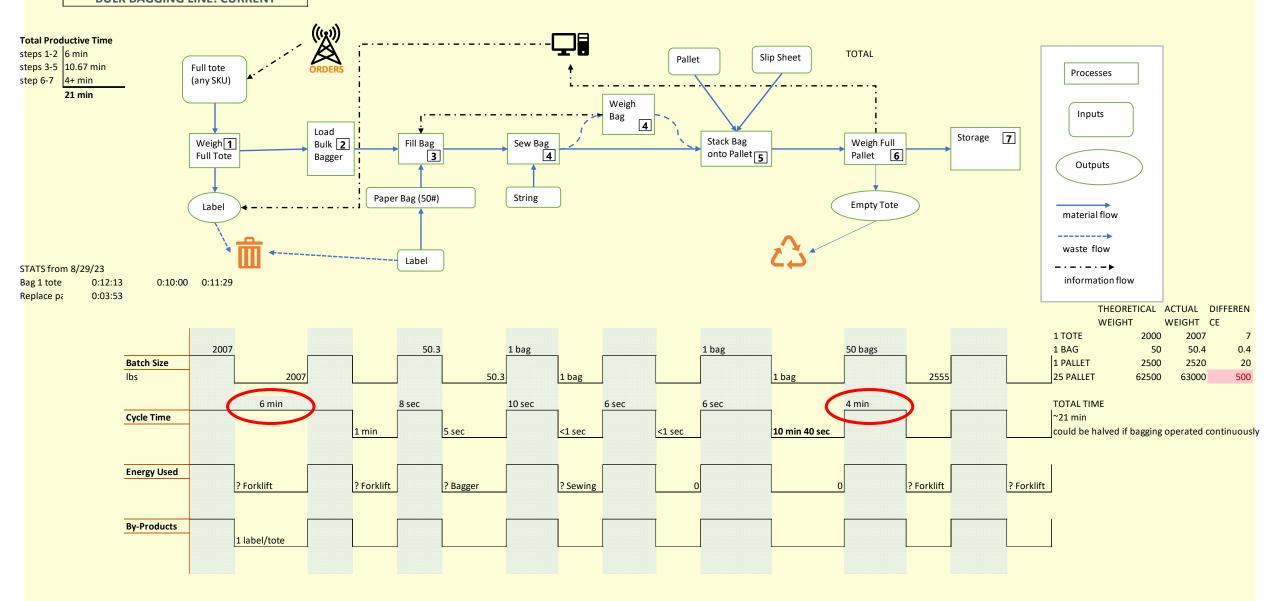
50% of bagging time is spent loading and unloading (NOT VALUE ADDED TIME)

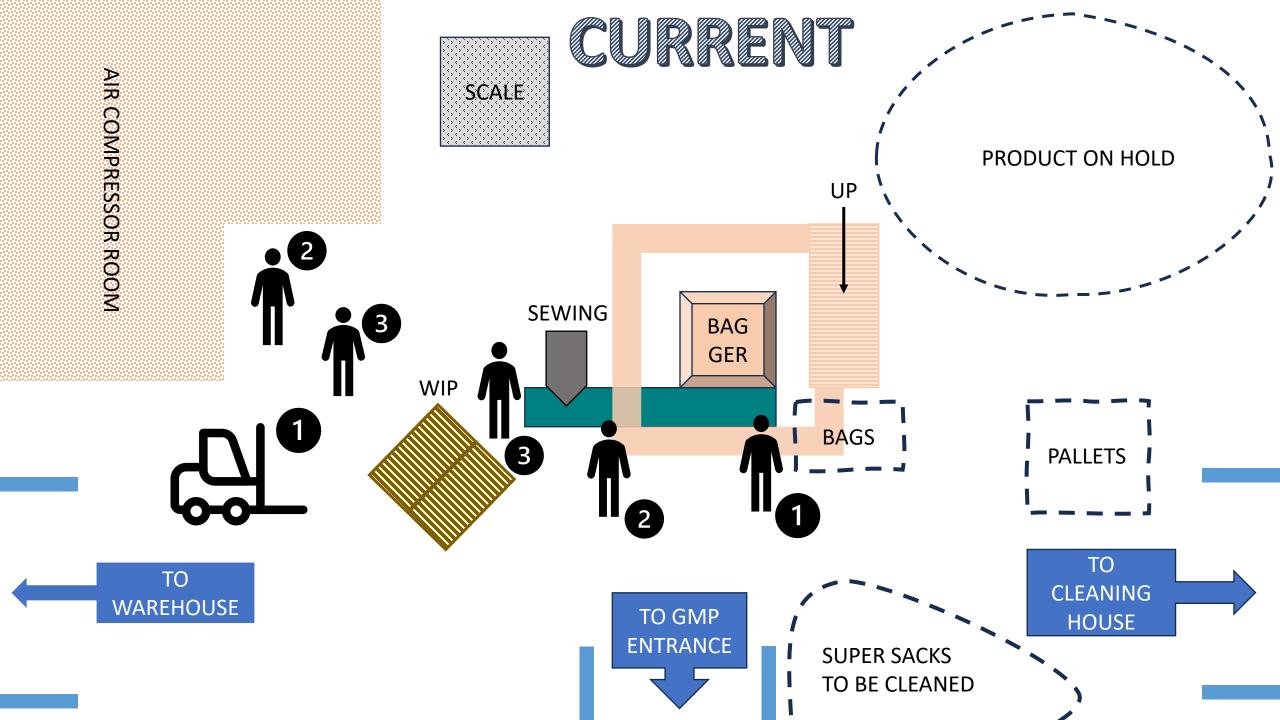


Additionally, tote unloading doesn't always align with full pallets. This causes the 10 minutes of start up/shut down time to increase because the forklift is being utilized as a pallet jack

*Tote unloading and loading is used as time to recover from heat/cold stress and physicality of bagging

BULK BAGGING LINE: CURRENT





CURRENT PERSONNEL

1. DURING TOTE CHANGE / PALLET CHANGE

- 1. FORKLIFT OPERATOR
- 2. REMOVES OLD TOTE, HOOKS UP NEW TOTE, UNTIES NEW TOTE
- 3. REMOVES OLD TOTE, STORES OLD TOTE, HOOKS UP NEW TOTE

2. DURING BAGGING

- 1. GRABS EMPTY BAG, SITUATES UNDER BAGGER, HITS LEVER, MONITORS BAGGING SCALE
- 2. OPERATES CONVEYOR FOOT PEDAL, SEWS BAG SHUT
- 3. STACKS BAG ONTO PALLET, WEIGHS EVERY 10TH BAG

TOTES = 2000#, SKIDS/PALLETS = 2500#

PROPOSED PERSONNEL

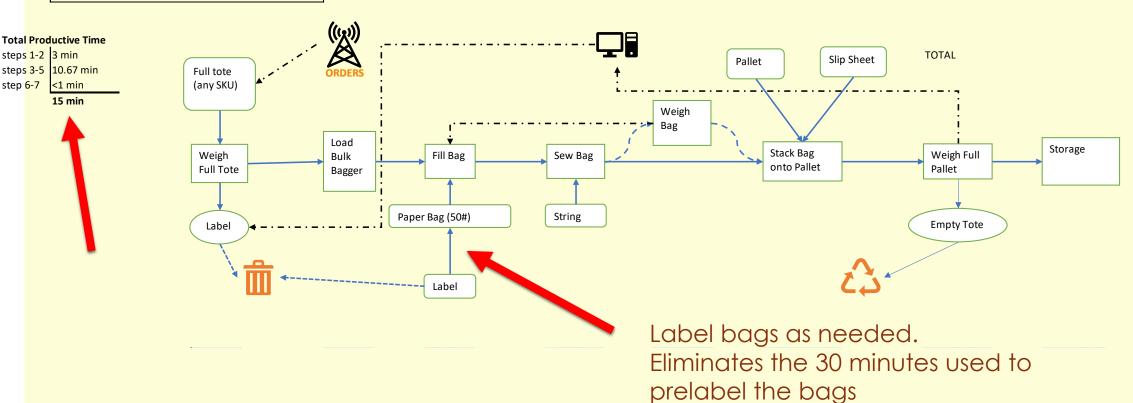
- 1 FORKLIFT OPERATOR
 - FOCUSED ON STAGING AND MOVING WHEN REQUIRED. CAN DO WAREHOUSE TASKS IN DOWNTIME
- 1 BAGGER
 - APPLY LABEL TO BAG, THEN FILL BAG, OPERATE CONVEYOR BELT
- 1 STACKER
 - SEW BAG, THEN STACK BAG, OPERATE SCALE, CHECK WEIGH EVERY 10TH BAG

TOTES = 2000#, PALLETS = 2000#.

ELIMINATE DOWNTIME TO CHANGE PALLET MID-TOTE
POSSIBLY IMPROVE FREIGHT OF PALLET

Reduction in bagging time by 29% Data collected using 3 laborers

BULK BAGGING LINE: PROPOSED



Processes

Inputs

Outputs

material flow

waste flow

information flow

Does stacking pallets to 50, 50# bags actually save time and money?

Time=no, money=?, fewer pallets, less floor space on freight....more freight damage?

Warehouse Passive Climate Control

- Pressure Louvers
 - increase airflow without compromising security
- Insulation
- Cool Roof / Shading

In order to make most energy efficient decision, air temperature and humidity measurements will need to be taken through the seasons

Ultimate goals: improve product quality and worker productivity

Minor pollution prevention opportunities

- Lighting
 - Occupancy sensors in parts rooms, and color sort room
 - Reduce lighting from 10hours/day to 30 min/day
 - Replace T8 bulbs in parts rooms and bulk bagging area?
- Recycling
 - Terracycle
 - Packaging materials / label backings
 - PPE: hair nets, beard nets, ear plugs
 - Cigarettes
- Active Climate Control
 - Clextral Color Sorter environmental conditions
 - ∘ 5-35 *C = 41-95*F
 - Cost Risk analysis of running air conditioner continuously

		weight / year
Description	material	[lbs]
White 2x4 Labels	Silicon coated PP	82.56
Kraft 2x4 Labels	Silicon coated PP	0
Kraft 2x4 Labels	Silicon coated PP	0
Pink 2x4 Labels	Silicon coated PP	81.28
Lot Code Labels	Silicon coated PP	59.52
Retail Labels	Silicon coated PP	169.04
Retail Case Labels	Silicon coated PP	23.96
Hairnets	PP	5.85
Bearnets (black)	Nylon	4.14
Earplugs	PE foam, brass gro	2.67
Total		429.02

Thank you

Land Acknowledgement

o Montana State University is located upon the homelands of indigenous peoples: people with proud heritage, a vibrant present, and a bright future. We acknowledge the Assiniboine, Blackfeet, Chippewa Cree, Crow, Gros Ventre, Kootenai, Little Shell, Northern Cheyenne, Pend d'Oreille, Plains Cree, Salish, Sioux, Hidatsa, Mandan, Arikara, and the other indigenous nations of this region in the past, present, and future. We recognize that this rich human tapestry is central to our institutional mission of learning, discovery, and engagement.

Montana Pollution Prevention (MTP2)

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